# Agricultural and Labor Program, Inc. (ALPI): Comprehensive Needs Assessment 

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## Introduction

To assess the needs of The Agricultural and Labor Program, Inc. (ALPI), University of Florida (UF) researchers conducted a multimode data collection and analysis project including online surveys of ALPI customers and other community service providers with email and push-to-web mailings, and data collection from a variety of trusted secondary sources. The following report details the results of these three components to assess current levels of use and satisfaction with ALPI services as well as ongoing and future needs of the community at large.

## Assessment of Current Customers

Feedback from current ALPI customers was gathered in an online survey, distributed to all ALPI customers via the Qualtrics data collection system. The questionnaire, created in consultation with ALPI leaders, evaluated the need for, use of, and satisfaction with ALPI community and family services, with a particular focus on services related to children aged five and under.

The UF research team emailed an invitation to participate to a sample of ALPI customers (provided by ALPI) for whom working email addresses were available. The invitation explained the needs assessment and provided a direct link to the survey assessment in Qualtrics. The survey questionnaire was available for completion in English, Spanish, and Creole.

A total of 325 surveys completed by customers were downloaded, cleaned, and analyzed by the research team; the results appear in Section A of this report and provide ALPI with an understanding of which services their customers need and use, their level of satisfaction with the services utilized, and any recommendations customers shared for improvements.

## Community Assessment

Potential unmet needs of the community were assessed by surveying other service providers in the community and by sourcing and analyzing secondary data (see below). Working with ALPI leaders, the UF team designed an appropriate questionnaire and surveyed other service providers/agencies that operate in the same service delivery region as ALPI by mailing one-page invitation letters with push-toweb links and by emailing invitations when possible.

In total, 120 letters were mailed to area service providers, and 17 organizations were contacted by email. A total of 18 local nonprofit organizations completed the assessment; full results appear in Section B of the report.

## Secondary Data Analysis

To establish community-focused levels of need, the research team undertook the collection and detailed reporting of secondary data to provide a concise, easily understandable summary of the conditions in the 15 counties in the ALPI service area. This section of the report makes it possible to determine, for example, how each county in the region compares to the other counties on key social and economic indicators, and how counties in the region compare to the state as a whole.

Secondary data from the US Census Bureau, the State of Florida, the Shimberg Center for Housing Studies at the University of Florida, and other similar sources was collected and analyzed to assess community information for the 15 counties in the ALPI service area (Polk, Highlands, St. Lucie, Indian

River, Okeechobee, Martin, Volusia, Hillsborough, Palm Beach, Hendry, Glades, Collier, Orange, Seminole, and Hardee) in the following categories:

- Demographics (including migration)
- Housing
- Childcare and Parenting
- Information and Literacy
- Food and Nutrition
- Transportation
- Health and Healthcare
- Employment and Education

Researchers worked closely with ALPI leadership to choose the most appropriate indicators to measure relevant community characteristics, conditions, and needs. Data were then compiled in Section C of this report, presenting data for each of the 15 counties, and when available, comparable information for the State of Florida and US.

## Format of the Report

This report is divided into three sections that correspond to the major research components detailed above. Results are first presented for the customer survey, then for the community organization survey and secondary data analysis.

Sections $A$ and $B$ of the report attempt to enhance the understanding of the survey results by first providing an executive summary. This summary permits a brief review of the results. More detailed information can be obtained from a close reading of the tables and figures in the segments that follow.

## Survey Procedure and Methodology

## Customer Survey

The survey of ALPI customers was conducted jointly by a research team at the University of Florida and ALPI. The universe of the study is adults aged 18 and older who are served by ALPI, including service recipients in Polk, Highlands, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Martin, Volusia, Hillsborough (Plant City, Wimauma), Palm Beach (Belle Glade, South Bay), Hendry, Glades, Collier, Orange, Seminole, and Hardee Counties. A total of 5,384 initial contact emails were first sent to potential respondents on May 3, 2023; a reminder was sent the following Monday; the survey remained open for a two-week window of data collection. A total of 325 ALPI customers completed surveys in this time frame.

As current best practices in survey research caution against the use of telephone surveys for most populations given the serious challenges now posed by this mode, including the rise in cell-phone-only households, the large drop in response rates (for both landline and cellphone sampling frames), related difficulties in geographic targeting of respondents, and reduced operational efficiency (including additional requirements placed on calls to cellphones), ${ }^{1}$ we opted to implement an online survey of ALPI customers. This method is optimally suited to projects in which listed samples of emails are available for initial contact and in which survey outreach is directly related to group membership or participation.

[^0]
## Survey Instrument

The survey instrument was designed in consultation with ALPI to include a variety of questions about their services for both adults and children aged 5 and under. Questions evaluated use of services, satisfaction with services provided, continued need for services, and use of services from other organizations and agencies in the area.

## Internet Survey Procedures

To implement the survey, researchers sent an initial one-page contact email to the sample of ALPI customers, presented with UF letterhead detailing, which included a "push-to-web" message with both embedded links and QR codes leading to online versions of the survey in English, Spanish, and Creole. All appropriate IRB information and contact information for both the UF research team and ALPI managers was included. Following an initial week in the field, a follow-up email request was sent to all customer contacts who had not yet completed surveys.

Our efforts to improve response rates and reduce non-response for online surveys included the following ${ }^{2}$ :

* Introducing the questionnaire with an introductory statement on the welcome-screen that emphasizes ease of responding and provides clear instructions on how to take necessary computer actions to complete the questionnaire;
* Presenting questions in a conventional format similar to paper surveys using a design (question wording, question order, question grouping, etc.) that promotes participation and full response to all questions;
* Allowing respondents the option to stop the survey, save their responses, and return to complete it at a later time.


## Pretest

Following construction and approval of the survey instrument, the questionnaire was coded and loaded into the Qualtrics Internet Survey system. Our pretesting process includes repeated testing of the programming language to ensure that the questionnaire is working properly and that all responses are correctly coded. ALPI leaders completed test surveys to ensure that the survey functioned properly and met their needs for information.

## Qualtrics

The University of Florida provides access to the Qualtrics ${ }^{\mathrm{XM}}$ platform for creating and delivering webbased surveys for all faculty and staff. Qualtrics has over 100 question types and the ability to create interactive questions. All Qualtrics themes adjust automatically for mobile environments; all Qualtrics question types are compatible with a variety of mobile devices (including iOS, Android, and Windows Phone systems), but also allow customization for certain question designs to function more easily on mobile platforms (for example, by limiting scrolling).

Analysis. Following completion of data collection, the 325 finished surveys were analyzed using the SPSS statistical analysis package.

[^1]
## Community Survey

The survey of service providers was conducted jointly by a research team at the University of Florida and ALPI. The universe of the study is representatives, aged 18 and older, of organizations and agencies which serve the needs of similar low-income clientele in the service area covered by ALPI - Polk, Highlands, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Martin, Volusia, Hillsborough (Plant City, Wimauma), Palm Beach (Belle Glade, South Bay), Hendry, Glades, Collier, Orange, Seminole, and Hardee Counties. A total of 17 initial contact emails and 120 contact letters were first sent to potential respondents in the last week of March 2023; mailings continued through early April 2023; the survey remained open for data collection through mid-May 2023. A total of 18 community service providers completed surveys in this time frame.

## Survey Instrument

The survey instrument was designed in consultation with ALPI to include a variety of questions about services provided by the organizations, needs and availability of services for low-income households in the area, barriers to receipt of services, unmet needs for services, and funding for providers.

## Mixed Method Survey Procedures

To implement the survey, researchers sent an initial one-page contact email to the sample of service providers for whom contact email addresses were available and mailed letters to those for whom mailing addresses were provided. Both methods utilized UF letterhead, and included a "push-to-web" message with embedded links (when appropriate), internet URL addresses, and QR codes leading to online versions of the survey. All appropriate IRB information and contact information for both the UF research team and ALPI managers was included. Following an initial week in the field, a follow-up email request was sent to those with email address contacts who had not yet completed surveys; printed letters were subsequently mailed to those who did not complete surveys based on email contact.

Our efforts to improve response rates and reduce non-response for mixed methods surveys included the following ${ }^{3}$ :

* Using an outer mailing envelope that appears professional and is legitimized by official University of Florida logos, avoiding gimmicks such as envelopes in unusual shapes, sizes, and colors that may discourage respondent participation;
* Designing a letter which serves as a precise, one-page introduction to the questionnaire and is legitimized by the use of official University of Florida letterhead and Institutional Review Board information and approval, and personalized with individualized salutations, dates, and signatures;
* Introducing the questionnaire with an introductory statement on the welcome-screen that emphasizes ease of responding and provides clear instructions on how to take necessary computer actions to complete the questionnaire;
* Presenting questions in a conventional format similar to paper surveys using a design (question wording, question order, question grouping, etc.) that promotes participation and full response to all questions;

[^2]* Allowing respondents the option to stop the survey, save their responses, and return to complete it at a later time.


## Pretest

Following construction and approval of the survey instrument, the questionnaire was coded and loaded into the Qualtrics Internet Survey system. Our pretesting process includes repeated testing of the programming language to ensure that the questionnaire is working properly and that all responses are correctly coded. ALPI leaders completed test surveys to ensure that the survey functioned properly and met their needs for information.

## Qualtrics

The University of Florida provides access to the Qualtrics ${ }^{\mathrm{XM}}$ platform for creating and delivering webbased surveys for all faculty and staff. Qualtrics has over 100 question types and the ability to create interactive questions. All Qualtrics themes adjust automatically for mobile environments; all Qualtrics question types are compatible with a variety of mobile devices (including iOS, Android, and Windows Phone systems), but also allow customization for certain question designs to function more easily on mobile platforms (for example, by limiting scrolling).

Analysis. Following completion of data collection, the 18 finished surveys were analyzed using the SPSS statistical analysis package.

## Secondary Data

To establish community-focused levels of need, a secondary data report was compiled to provide a concise, easily understandable summary of the conditions in the 15 counties in the ALPI service area. This report makes it possible to determine, for example, how each county in the region compares to the other counties on key social and economic indicators, and how counties in the region compare to the state as a whole.

Secondary data from the US Census Bureau, the State of Florida, the Shimberg Center for Housing Studies at the University of Florida, and other similar sources was collected and analyzed to assess community information for the 15 counties in the ALPI service area (Polk, Highlands, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Martin, Volusia, Hillsborough, Palm Beach, Hendry, Glades, Collier, Orange, Seminole, and Hardee) in the following categories:

- Demographics (including migration)
- Housing
- Childcare and Parenting
- Information and Literacy
- Food and Nutrition
- Transportation
- Health and Healthcare
- Employment and Education

The UF research team worked closely with ALPI leadership to choose the most appropriate indicators to measure relevant community characteristics, conditions, and needs. The data for the most recent time frames available were located, downloaded, formatted, and compiled in a report that presents key information for each of the 15 counties, and when available, the State of Florida and US.

## Executive Summary

## Customer Survey

## Services for Adults

The two services used most frequently by survey respondents were Energy Assistance and Water Assistance. Nearly two in three (65.8\%) respondents indicated an adult in their household used Energy Assistance from ALPI in the past year, and about one in ten (8.0\%) said they used Water Assistance from ALPI in the past year. Of the remaining services, 21 respondents (6.5\%) used Emergency Food programs, 13 (4.0\%) used Health Care Assistance, and 12 (3.7\%) used Emergency Shelter programs.

Satisfaction with ALPI services was very high. Of the 11 services for which users provided ratings, 7 services had one-half or more of the respondents indicate they were "very satisfied" (rating $=5$ ) with the services they received from ALPI in that category. Of those who rated the most used service, Energy Assistance, three in five (60.3\%) said they were very satisfied with the ALPI service.

At least half of the respondents who used each service in the prior year said they think they will still need the service this year. More than three-quarters (76.3\%) of respondents who previously used Energy Assistance indicated the likely need for continued services in the coming year. About 15 percent ( $\mathrm{N}=50$ ) of the survey respondents said they used Energy Assistance services from other agencies or organizations in the community last year, and 10 percent ( $\mathrm{N}=33$ ) said they used Emergency Food services from other providers.

## Services for Children

Of the 325 total respondents, 118 (36.3\%) reported having children aged 5 or younger living in their households. Nearly two-thirds (63.6\%) of the respondents with children aged 5 or younger said they have one child in this age group in their households, while about one-quarter (24.6\%) said they have two children in this age group. About one in ten (10.9\%) respondents with children aged 5 or younger report having three or more children in this age group in their households.

The two most frequently used children's services were Assistance with WIC (26.3\%) and Early Childhood Education / Head Start / Pre-school services (28.0\%). More than one-quarter of parents with children aged 5 or younger indicated using these ALPI services. Overall, parents were very satisfied with ALPI services for children. Of the six services for which users provided ratings, all had one-half or more of the respondents indicate they were "very satisfied" (rating $=5$ ) with the services they received from ALPI in that category. Of those who rated the most used service, Head Start / Pre-School, more than four in five ( $86.7 \%$ ) said they were very satisfied with the ALPI service.

The need for ALPI children's services will remain steady. At least two-thirds of the respondents who used each service in the prior year said they think they will still need the service this year. Approximately two in three respondents who previously used either WIC (70\%) or Head Start (65.6\%) services indicated the likely need for continued services in the coming year. Unlike adult services, few parents with children aged 5 and under reported using children's services from other agencies or organizations in the community. The most accessed service from other agencies was Assistance with WIC, at 11 percent ( $\mathrm{N}=13$ ).

Nearly all (95.7\%) of the respondents with children aged 5 and under said they have insurance of some kind for those children. The vast majority (84.7\%) of respondents who have insurance for their children
aged 5 and under have either Medicaid, Medipass, or Sunshine healthcare for them. About one in eight (13.5\%) of these respondents have Children's Medical Services for their young children, about six percent ( $6.3 \%$ ) have private insurance, and about four percent (3.6\%) have Healthy Kids.

About one quarter (25.7\%) of the respondents with children aged five and under report having children who have been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability. Respondents reported 19 different diagnoses in their responses. The most frequently cited disabilities that respondents' children were diagnosed with were ADHD $(\mathrm{N}=13)$ and autism ( $\mathrm{N}=11$ ). About three quarters $(75.9 \%)$ of the respondents with children aged 5 and under who have been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability said those children need special services related to their physical or mental disabilities.

None of the respondents with children aged 5 and under who were diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability that requires special services said those children currently receive needed services from ALPI. About three in five (57.1\%) respondents with children aged five and under who were diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability that requires special services say those children currently receive those needed services from other agencies or organizations in the community.

More than two in three (69.0\%) respondents with children aged 5 and under describe their household type as a single mother household. Nearly one in five (18.6\%) of these respondents describe their household as a two-parent household, and nearly one in ten (7.1\%) as a grandparent/other family member household.

## ALPI Customer Service

Two in three (67.2\%) respondents agreed that they "would recommend ALPI to a friend/family member," and nearly as many agreed that they were "treated with respect" $(63.5 \%)$ and their "needs were met" (62.0\%). Customers who responded to the survey were least likely to agree with the statements: "When I entered the building, I felt welcomed" (41.0\%); "I was informed about other ALPI services" (42.6\%); and "The facility was clean" (44.5\%).

## Learning about ALPI Services

Of the 200 respondents who provided responses to this question, the most frequently cited ways of learning about ALPI services were from an online search or social media (37.0\%) or from friends or family members (24.5\%). About one in ten (8.0\%) said they first learned about ALPI services from the electric or utilities company they use (including Duke Energy, FPLE, TECO, and FPUA). One in ten (9.5\%) respondents said they learned about ALPI services from various community agencies or services, another nine (4.5\%) named specific organizations, and a few (1.0\%) said they received information at church.

## Demographics

Nearly three-quarters (72.9\%) of the respondents rely most often on their own cars for transportation. About one in eight (12.8\%) respondents rely most often on friends or family members to provide transportation. Two in five (42.7\%) respondents described their housing as a rented apartment or house that is not subsidized, while about one-quarter (24.0\%) said they own their house. About one in eight (13.9\%) respondents said their housing is a rented apartment or house that is subsidized. One in ten (10.5\%) respondents live in manufactured housing or mobile homes.

Nearly one-quarter (23.3\%) of respondents had a household income below $\$ 10,000$ last year, about one in five (21.4\%) had income from $\$ 10,001$ up to $\$ 15,000$, and about one in six (15.8\%) had income from
$\$ 15,001$ up to $\$ 20,000$. Approximately one in ten respondents had a household income either between $\$ 20,001$ to $\$ 25,000(10.9 \%)$ or $\$ 25,001$ to $\$ 30,000(8.6 \%)$. About one in six ( $15.3 \%$ ) respondents indicated household income of more than $\$ 30,000$ last year. Two in five ( $40.4 \%$ ) survey respondents described themselves as African American / Black. About one-quarter of respondents said that either Latino/Hispanic (23.4\%) or White (27.9\%) best represents their race or ethnicity.

Nearly 30 percent (29.3\%) of the survey respondents indicated they are employed full-time and about 13 percent ( $13.5 \%$ ) said they are employed part-time. One in five respondents indicated they were either disabled ( $21.1 \%$ ) or not currently employed ( $21.8 \%$ ); about one in ten ( $8.6 \%$ ) said they are retired; and four ( $1.5 \%$ ) said they are full-time students. Approximately one-quarter of the respondents indicated having a high school diploma or GED (28.8\%), some college (27.7\%), or a college degree (24.7\%).

About one in five survey respondents live alone (21.4\%). Similar percentages of respondents report living in two-person households (17.7\%), three-person households (17.3\%), four-person households (22.2\%), or households with five or more people (20.7\%). Although about one in ten (8.7\%) survey respondents said they most often speak Spanish in their household, the vast majority (90.6\%) indicated speaking English at home. Two-thirds (66.5\%) of the respondents cited zip codes in Polk County. One in six (16.7\%) respondents provided zip codes from St. Lucie County.

## Community Organization Survey

## Organization/Agency Characteristics

Nearly half (44.4\%) of the responding organizations describe the agency as a "Charitable Organization" while one-third describe their agencies as "Community Organization/Advocacy" (33.3\%) or "Information and Referral Services" (33.3\%). About one-quarter of respondents described their agencies as "Crisis Intervention" (27.8\%) or "Education" (27.8\%) and about one-fifth as a "Child Development Organization / Agency" (22.2\%). One in eight (16.7\%) responding organizations used the descriptor "Emergency Assistance." About one in ten (11.1\%) respondents described their agencies thusly: "Church/Religious Organization," "Employment and Training," "Family Services," "Health Care Services," "Housing Services," "Multi-Purpose Community Center," or "Senior/Aging Services."

## Services Provided / Supported

One-third (33.3\%) of the responding organizations said they provide or support "Advocacy," "Emergency Food," or "Teen/Youth Services," and one-quarter (27.8\%) provide "Case Management" services. Onefifth ( $22.2 \%$ ) of the responding agencies provide "Child Care," "Emergency Clothing," or "Financial Assistance." One in six (16.7\%) responding agencies provide or support: "Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.)," "Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School," "Energy Assistance," "Housing Assistance," "Literacy Services," "Parenting Counseling/Education," or "Water Assistance." Three in five (58.8\%) responding agencies have specific qualifications that people must meet to receive services from their organization, while about one in three ( $35.3 \%$ ) do not.

## Service Needs of Low-Income Households

Four in five ( $82.4 \%$ ) respondents think the number of low-income households in their community has increased over the last three years, while about one in ten (11.8\%) think the number has decreased. About one-quarter ( $23.5 \%$ ) of the respondents think service availability for low-income households in their community has increased over the last three years, nearly half ( $47.1 \%$ ) think it has stayed the same, and about one in six (17.6\%) think availability has decreased.

About nine in ten ( $88.2 \%$ ) respondents think their area needs more service providers to assist lowincome households in the community, while about one in ten (11.8\%) are either unsure or preferred not to answer. Nearly all ( $93.3 \%$ ) of the respondents who think more service providers are needed in the community indicate that more Mental Health Services are needed, and a similar number ( $86.7 \%$ ) believe more Housing Assistance is needed. Four in five (80.0\%) of these respondents feel more Emergency Assistance (Clothing, Food, Shelter) is needed. Two-thirds ( $66.7 \%$ ) of these respondents said more Energy/Water/Utility Assistance is needed and three in five (60.0\%) said more Child Care, more Teen/Youth Services, or more Transportation Assistance is needed. About half of these respondents feel there is a need for more: Domestic Violence Outreach (53.3\%); Family Counseling/Support (53.3\%); Financial Assistance (53.3\%); Senior/Aging Services (53.3\%); Health Care (46.7\%); or Substance Abuse Care/Counseling (46.7\%).

## Barriers to Low-Income Households Receiving Assistance

The top barriers to low-income households receiving assistance cited by respondents were Lack of awareness of services available (61.1\%), Lack of transportation (55.6\%), Burden of proof to provide documents for eligibility (44.4\%), Difficulty completing required paperwork, forms, etc. (44.4\%), Comfort level with staff/agencies (33.3\%), and Language barriers (33.3\%).

Approximately one in three (31.3\%) respondents indicated that their organization/agency currently has a waiting list to receive services, while about three in five ( $62.5 \%$ ) said they do not.

## Largest Unmet Needs for Services

The three largest unmet needs in the community today cited by respondents were Housing Assistance (50.0\%), Mental Health Services (38.9\%), and Emergency Shelter (33.3\%). Beyond these three needs, about one-quarter ( $27.8 \%$ ) cited Financial Assistance and one-sixth ( $16.7 \%$ ) cited Energy Assistance as large unmet needs. Just two respondents (13.3\%) believe that the largest unmet needs in the community will change over the next three years. Notably, more than half ( $53.3 \%$ ) of the respondents were unsure.

## Coordinating Services \& Funding

All (100.0\%) of the respondents who answered the question said they do make referrals to other service providers. More than half ( $56.3 \%$ ) of the respondents said that they sometimes get notice that a referred client has received needed services at the other agency, but about two in four (37.5\%) respondents said this is rarely the case.

Two in three ( $66.7 \%$ ) respondents said their organizations/agencies receive funding or contributions from private donors, and more than half ( $55.6 \%$ ) received funding from the County government. Half $(50.0 \%)$ of the respondents receive funding from the Federal Government, and nearly as many receive funding from the State government (44.4\%). Around two in five ( $38.9 \%$ ) survey respondents reported receiving funds or contributions from private foundations. About one-quarter ( $27.8 \%$ ) of the responding organizations receive funding from the City government, and one-sixth ( $16.7 \%$ ) from religious foundations.

More than two in five (43.8\%) respondents feel that funding availability for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has decreased over the last three years. More than two in three ( $68.8 \%$ ) respondents feel that competition for available funding for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has increased over the last three years.

## Section A: Customer Survey Results

## Adult Services

The first series of questions focused on services for adults.

## Use of ALPI Services for Adults

The survey first asked customers a series of questions about 13 ALPI services for adults that the respondent, or other adult members of their household, may have used last year. The services included in this section are as follows:

- Adult Education (for example: GED

Assistance, Vocational/Technical Training, etc.)

- Emergency Food
- Emergency Shelter
- Energy Assistance
- Employment Training/Counseling
- Farmworker Emergency Services
- Financial Counseling
- Health Care Assistance
- Housing Counseling
- Legal Assistance
- Parenting Counseling/Education
- Transportation Assistance
- Water Assistance

Responses appear in Table 1.
Table 1. Use of ALPI Services for Adults

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=325) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Adult Education | 3 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Emergency Food | 21 | $6.5 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter | 12 | $3.7 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance | 214 | $65.8 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling | 6 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Farmworker Emergency Services | 1 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Financial Counseling | 9 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Health Care Assistance | 13 | $4.0 \%$ |
| Housing Counseling | 9 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance | 4 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education | 5 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance | 7 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Water Assistance | 26 | $8.0 \%$ |
| Other Services | 159 | $18.2 \%$ |
| Not sure | 30 | $9.2 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 4 | $1.2 \%$ |

The two services used most frequently by survey respondents were Energy Assistance and Water Assistance. Nearly two in three (65.8\%) respondents indicated an adult in their household used Energy Assistance from ALPI in the past year, and about one in ten (8.0\%) said they used Water Assistance from ALPI in the past year. Of the remaining services, 21 respondents (6.5\%) used Emergency Food programs, 13 (4.0\%) used Health Care Assistance, and 12 (3.7\%) used Emergency Shelter programs. Of the $18.2 \%$ of respondents providing "Other" responses, the most frequently noted service was "Rental Assistance" ( $\mathrm{N}=8$ ).

Level of Satisfaction with Services
Next, respondents who said they used a particular ALPI service were asked to indicate their level of satisfaction with the services they received from ALPI using a scale from 1 to 5 , where 1 is "very unsatisfied" and 5 is "very satisfied." The responses to this question are presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Satisfaction with ALPI Services for Adults

| Service | Very Unsatisfied.........................................Very Satisfied |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Adult Education ( $\mathrm{N}=0$ ) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Emergency Food ( $\mathrm{N}=15$ ) | $13.3 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $13.3 \%$ | $40.0 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter ( $\mathrm{N}=9$ ) | $11.1 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $55.6 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance ( $\mathrm{N}=156$ ) | $9.0 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ | $12.8 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ | $60.3 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ |
| Farmworker Emergency Services ( $\mathrm{N}=0$ ) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Financial Counseling ( $\mathrm{N}=5$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $60.0 \%$ | $40.0 \%$ |
| Health Care Assistance ( $\mathrm{N}=7)$ | $0.0 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ | $28.6 \%$ | $28.6 \%$ | $28.6 \%$ |
| Housing Counseling ( $\mathrm{N}=5$ ) | $20.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $60.0 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ ) | $33.3 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $66.7 \%$ |
| Water Assistance ( $\mathrm{N}=18$ ) | $11.1 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $61.1 \%$ |

Satisfaction with ALPI services was very high. Of the 11 services for which users provided ratings, 7 services had one-half or more of the respondents indicate they were "very satisfied" (rating $=5$ ) with the services they received from ALPI in that category. Of those who rated the most used service, Energy Assistance, three in five (60.3\%) said they were very satisfied with the ALPI service.

## Continued Need for Service

Respondents who said they have used a particular ALPI service were also asked whether they think they will still have need for the service next year. The responses appear in Table 3.

Table 3. Continued Need for ALPI Services for Adults

| Service | Yes | \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Adult Education (N=2) | 1 | $50.0 \%$ |
| Emergency Food (N=19) | 15 | $78.9 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter (N=11) | 10 | $90.9 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance (N=207) | 158 | $76.3 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling (N=4) | 2 | $50.0 \%$ |
| Farmworker Emergency Services (N=0) | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Financial Counseling (N=8) | 6 | $75.0 \%$ |
| Health Care Assistance (N=10) | 7 | $70.0 \%$ |
| Housing Counseling (N=8) | 7 | $87.5 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance (N=3) | 2 | $66.7 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education (N=3) | 2 | $66.7 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance (N=4) | 4 | $100.0 \%$ |
| Water Assistance (N=24) | 19 | $79.2 \%$ |

At least half of the respondents who used each service in the prior year said they think they will still need the service this year. More than three-quarters (76.3\%) of respondents who previously used Energy Assistance indicated the likely need for continued services in the coming year.

## Use of Services for Adults - Other Agencies/Organizations

The last question in this series asked ALPI customers if they received any of the same adult services from another agency or organization in the community last year. The responses appear in Table 4.

Table 4. Use of Services for Adults from Other Agencies/Organizations

| Service | Frequency | $\mathbf{\%}(\mathbf{N}=\mathbf{3 2 5})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Adult Education | 2 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Emergency Food | 33 | $10.2 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter | 3 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance | 50 | $15.4 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling | 5 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Farmworker Emergency Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Financial Counseling | 5 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Health Care Assistance | 11 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Housing Counseling | 3 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance | 1 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education | 2 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance | 5 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Water Assistance | 12 | $3.7 \%$ |
| Other | 47 | $14.5 \%$ |

About 15 percent $(\mathrm{N}=50)$ of the survey respondents said they used Energy Assistance services from other agencies or organizations in the community last year, and 10 percent ( $N=33$ ) said they used Emergency Food services from other providers.

## Children's Services

The next series of survey questions asked respondents a number of questions about children under the age of five who reside in their households and the various services that these children might need and use. The following sections provide detailed information about these children and their need for and use of various services.

## Number of Children Aged 5 or Younger in Household

Of the 325 total respondents, 118 (36.3\%) reported having children aged 5 or younger living in their households. These respondents were asked a series of questions about their children, beginning with the number of children in this age group living with them.

Table 5. Number of Children Aged 5 or Younger in Household

| Number of Children (Aged 5 or Younger) | Overall Sample <br> $\mathbf{( \mathbf { N } = \mathbf { 3 2 5 } )}$ | Those with Children Aged <br> $\mathbf{5}$ or Younger (N=118) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| None | $207(63.7 \%)$ |  |
| 1 | $75(23.1 \%)$ | $75(63.6 \%)$ |
| 2 | $29(8.9 \%)$ | $29(24.6 \%)$ |
| 3 | $9(2.8 \%)$ | $9(7.6 \%)$ |
| 4 | $3(0.9 \%)$ | $3(2.5 \%)$ |
| 5 or more | $1(0.3 \%)$ | $1(0.8 \%)$ |
| Prefer not to answer | $1(0.3 \%)$ | $1(0.8 \%)$ |

Nearly two-thirds (63.6\%) of the respondents with children aged 5 or younger said they have one child in this age group in their households, while about one-quarter (24.6\%) said they have two children in this age group. About one in ten (10.9\%) respondents with children aged 5 or younger report having three or more children in this age group in their households.

## Use of ALPI Services for Children

The survey next asked these customers with children aged 5 and under ( $N=118$ ) a series of questions about six ALPI services for children that the respondent may have used last year. The services included in this section are as follows:

- After School Care
- Assistance with WIC (Women, Infants, and Children)
- Child Care
- Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities
- Early Childhood Education / Head Start / Pre-school
- Healthcare Services

Results appear in Table 6.

Table 6. Use of ALPI Services for Children

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=118) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| After School Care | 3 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Assistance with WIC | 31 | $26.3 \%$ |
| Child Care | 13 | $11.0 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities | 3 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Early Childhood Education / Head Start / Pre-school | 33 | $28.0 \%$ |
| Healthcare Services | 3 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Not sure | 16 | $13.6 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 4 | $3.4 \%$ |

The two most frequently used children's services were Assistance with WIC ( $26.3 \%$ ) and Early Childhood Education / Head Start / Pre-school services (28.0\%). More than one-quarter of parents with children aged 5 or younger indicated using these ALPI services.

## Level of Satisfaction with Services

Next, respondents indicating they have used a particular ALPI children's service were asked to indicate their level of satisfaction with the services they received from ALPI using a scale from 1 to 5 , where 1 is "very unsatisfied" and 5 is "very satisfied." The responses to this question are presented in Table 7.

## Table 7. Satisfaction with ALPI Services for Children

| Service | Very Unsatisfied.........................................Very Satisfied |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| After School Care ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $66.7 \%$ |
| Assistance with WIC ( $\mathrm{N}=24$ ) | $8.3 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $20.8 \%$ | $66.7 \%$ |
| Child Care ( $\mathrm{N}=10$ ) | $10.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ | $60.0 \%$ |
| Care for Children with Disabilities ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ |
| Head Start/Pre-school ( $\mathrm{N}=30$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $86.7 \%$ |
| Healthcare Services ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ ) | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Overall, parents were very satisfied with ALPI services for children. Of the six services for which users provided ratings, all had one-half or more of the respondents indicate they were "very satisfied" (rating $=5$ ) with the services they received from ALPI in that category. Of those who rated the most used service, Head Start / Pre-School, more than four in five (86.7\%) said they were very satisfied with the ALPI service.

## Continued Need for Service

Respondents who indicated that they used a particular ALPI service for their children aged 5 and under were also asked whether they think they will still have need for the service next year. The responses appear in Table 8.

Table 8. Continued Need for ALPI Services for Children

| Service | Yes | \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| After School Care ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ ) | 3 | $100.0 \%$ |
| Assistance with WIC $(\mathrm{N}=30)$ | 21 | $70.0 \%$ |
| Child Care $(\mathrm{N}=13)$ | 9 | $69.2 \%$ |
| Care for Children with Disabilities ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ ) | 2 | $66.7 \%$ |
| Head Start/Pre-school $(\mathrm{N}=32)$ | 21 | $65.6 \%$ |
| Healthcare Services $(\mathrm{N}=3)$ | 3 | $100.0 \%$ |

The need for ALPI children's services will remain steady. At least two-thirds of the respondents who used each service in the prior year said they think they will still need the service this year. Approximately two in three respondents who previously used either WIC (70\%) or Head Start (65.6\%) services indicated the likely need for continued services in the coming year.

## Use of Services for Children - Other Agencies/Organizations

The next question in this section asked ALPI customers with children aged 5 or under ( $\mathrm{N}=118$ ) if they received any of the same children's services from another agency or organization in the community last year. The responses appear in Table 9.

Table 9. Use of Services for Children from Other Agencies/Organizations

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=118) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| After School Care | 4 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Assistance with WIC | 13 | $11.0 \%$ |
| Child Care | 8 | $6.8 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities | 4 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Early Childhood Education / Head Start / Pre-school | 9 | $7.6 \%$ |
| Healthcare Services | 7 | $5.9 \%$ |
| Not sure | 24 | $20.3 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 6 | $5.1 \%$ |

Unlike adult services, few parents with children aged 5 and under reported using children's services from other agencies or organizations in the community. The most accessed service from other agencies was Assistance with WIC, at 11 percent ( $\mathrm{N}=13$ ).

## Health Insurance

The survey also asked these customers with children aged 5 and under ( $\mathrm{N}=118$ ) if they currently have health insurance for their child or children, and if so, which types of health insurance they have.


Nearly all ( $95.7 \%$ ) of the respondents with children aged 5 and under said they have insurance of some kind for those children.

Table 10. Type(s) of Health Insurance for Child(ren)

| Type of Insurance | Frequency | \% (N=111) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Children's Medical Services | 15 | $13.5 \%$ |
| Medicaid/Medipass/Sunshine | 94 | $84.7 \%$ |
| Healthy Kids | 4 | $3.6 \%$ |
| Private Insurance | 7 | $6.3 \%$ |
| Not sure | 4 | $3.6 \%$ |

*Note: Respondents could provide more than one response.
The vast majority ( $84.7 \%$ ) of respondents who have insurance for their children aged 5 and under have either Medicaid, Medipass, or Sunshine healthcare for them. About one in eight (13.5\%) of these respondents have Children's Medical Services for their young children, about six percent (6.3\%) have private insurance, and about four percent (3.6\%) have Healthy Kids.

## Children with Disabilities

The next question in this series asked respondents with children aged 5 and under ( $\mathrm{N}=118$ ) to indicate if any of their children have been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability. The responses to this question are presented in Figure 2.


About one quarter ( $25.7 \%$ ) of the respondents with children aged five and under report having children who have been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability.

## Types of Disabilities

Respondents who indicated that a child in their household had been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability were asked to list the specific type of disability. A list of the types of disabilities noted by the respondents appears in Table 11. Respondents could indicate more than one disability.

Respondents reported 19 different diagnoses in their responses. The most frequently cited disabilities that respondents' children were diagnosed with were ADHD ( $\mathrm{N}=13$ ) and autism ( $\mathrm{N}=11$ ).

Table 11. Types of Disabilities Noted

| Response | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| ADHD | 13 |
| Autism / High Functioning Autism / ASD | 11 |
| Absent seizures / Seizure | 2 |
| ADD | 2 |
| Learning disabilities | 2 |
| Anxiety | 1 |
| Depression | 1 |
| OCD | 1 |
| DMDD | 1 |
| Dandy Walker Syndrome | 1 |
| Dyslexia | 1 |
| Epilepsy | 1 |
| Developmental problem | 1 |
| Genetic disorder | 1 |
| Intellectual disability | 1 |
| Speech delay | 1 |
| Mild Hearing Loss | 1 |
| Ocular Albinism | 1 |
| Speech deficit | 1 |

## Need for Services for Children with Disabilities

The next question in this series asked respondents with children aged 5 and under who were diagnosed with a disability ( $\mathrm{N}=29$ ) to indicate if these children need special services related to their physical or mental disabilities. The responses to this question are presented in Figure 3.


About three quarters ( $75.9 \%$ ) of the respondents with children aged 5 and under who have been diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability said those children need special services related to their physical or mental disabilities.

## Currently Receive Services for Children with Disabilities from ALPI

Next, respondents with children aged 5 and under who were diagnosed with a disability and require special services ( $\mathrm{N}=22$ ) were asked if these children currently receive any of the needed services from ALPI. The responses to this question are presented in Figure 4.


None of the respondents with children aged 5 and under who were diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability that requires special services said those children currently receive needed services from ALPI.

## Currently Receive Services for Children with Disabilities from Other Agencies/Organizations

Respondents with children aged 5 and under who were diagnosed with a disability and require special services ( $N=22$ ) were also asked if these children currently receive any of the needed services from other agencies or organizations in the community. The responses to this question are presented in Figure 5.


About three in five (57.1\%) respondents with children aged five and under who were diagnosed with either a physical or mental disability that requires special services say those children currently receive those needed services from other agencies or organizations in the community.

## Household Type

The last question in this series asked customers with children aged 5 and under ( $\mathrm{N}=118$ ) to describe their household type. Responses are presented in Table 12.

Table 12. Households with Children - Household Structure

| Type of Household | Frequency | $\mathbf{\%}(\mathbf{N}=\mathbf{1 1 3})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Single Mother | 78 | $69.0 \%$ |
| Two-Parent | 21 | $18.6 \%$ |
| Grandparent/Other Family Member | 8 | $7.1 \%$ |
| Other | 4 | $3.5 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 2 | $1.8 \%$ |

More than two in three (69.0\%) respondents with children aged 5 and under describe their household type as a single mother household. Nearly one in five (18.6\%) of these respondents describe their household as a two-parent household, and nearly one in ten (7.1\%) as a grandparent/other family member household. Four (3.5\%) of these respondents provided other descriptions that appear below.

## Other Responses:

- Blended
- Disabled parent
- Multigenerational ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ )


## ALPI Customer Service

The next section of the questionnaire asked a series of questions about the level of service received from ALPI on customers' most recent visit. Results appear in Table 13.

Table 13. Level of Service Received from ALPI on Most Recent Visit

|  | Yes |  | Not <br> No | Prefer <br> not to <br> answer |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| When I entered the building, I felt welcomed. <br> ( $\mathrm{N}=222$ ) | $41.0 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $26.6 \%$ | $22.5 \%$ |
| The facility was clean. (N=218) | $44.5 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $36.2 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| I was helped in a timely manner. (N=227) | $51.1 \%$ | $22.5 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $9.7 \%$ |
| I was treated with respect. ( $\mathrm{N}=222$ ) | $63.5 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $14.9 \%$ | $9.5 \%$ |
| My needs were met. ( $\mathrm{N}=234$ ) | $62.0 \%$ | $20.1 \%$ | $11.1 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ |
| I was informed about other ALPI services. ( $\mathrm{N}=230$ ) | $42.6 \%$ | $37.8 \%$ | $11.3 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| I would recommend ALPI to a friend/family member. <br> $(\mathrm{N}=232)$ | $67.2 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ | $13.8 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |

More than half of the respondents agreed with four of the seven service elements evaluated. Two in three ( $67.2 \%$ ) respondents agreed that they "would recommend ALPI to a friend/family member," and nearly as many agreed that they were "treated with respect" ( $63.5 \%$ ) and their "needs were met" (62.0\%).

Customers who responded to the survey were least likely to agree with the statements: "When I entered the building, I felt welcomed" (41.0\%); "I was informed about other ALPI services" (42.6\%); and "The facility was clean" (44.5\%).

## Learning about ALPI Services

An open-ended question next asked ALPI customers how they first learned about their services.
Responses have been categorized and appear below.
Table 14. How did you first learn about ALPI services?

|  | Frequency | \% (N=200) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Online/Social Media/Google/Internet | 74 | $37.0 \%$ |
| Friend/Family member/Word of mouth | 49 | $24.5 \%$ |
| Community services/211/311/Other program (unnamed)* | 19 | $9.5 \%$ |
| Energy or Utility Company/LIHEAP info | 16 | $8.0 \%$ |
| Other | 12 | $6.0 \%$ |
| Used in the past | 4 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Landlord/Leasing office/Rental office/Rental assistance | 4 | $2.0 \%$ |
| DCF | 3 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Flyers (in the neighborhood)/Boletin de la cominidad | 3 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Church | 2 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Event for kids to enroll in Pre-K/My kids were in Head Start | 2 | $1.0 \%$ |
| News/Newspaper | 2 | $1.0 \%$ |
| HOPE | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Lake Wales Care Center | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Gertrude Walden Child Care | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Healthy Families | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| INC Ft. Pierce | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Polk Homeless Coalition | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| St. Vincent de Paul | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Tri-county Mental Health Office | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| United Way | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Not sure | 1 | $0.5 \%$ |

*Organizations specified by name are listed individually
Of the 200 respondents who provided responses to this question, the most frequently cited ways of learning about ALPI services were from an online search or social media (37.0\%) or from friends or family members ( $24.5 \%$ ). About one in ten ( $8.0 \%$ ) said they first learned about ALPI services from the electric or utilities company they use (including Duke Energy, FPLE, TECO, and FPUA).

One in ten (9.5\%) respondents said they learned about ALPI services from various community agencies or services, another nine (4.5\%) named specific organizations, and a few (1.0\%) said they received information at church.

## Demographics

The final series of questions asked about the demographic characteristics of the respondents.

## Transportation

Respondents were asked: "What type of transportation do you rely on most often?" Results appear in Table 15.

Table 15. Primary Mode of Transportation

| Transportation | Frequency | \% (N=266) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Own car | 194 | $72.9 \%$ |
| Friends or family members | 34 | $12.8 \%$ |
| Public transportation (bus, train, etc.) | 4 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Ride-hailing services (Uber, Lyft, etc.) | 9 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Bike | 3 | $1.1 \%$ |
| Walk | 9 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Other | 9 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 4 | $1.5 \%$ |

Nearly three-quarters ( $72.9 \%$ ) of the respondents rely most often on their own cars for transportation. About one in eight ( $12.8 \%$ ) respondents rely most often on friends or family members to provide transportation.
"Other" Transportation:

- Scooter
- Ambulance
- Community transportation for disabled people over 60 with low income
- Handy bus
- Live-in Caregiver
- Medicaid transportation
- Medicare for appointments


## Type of Housing

Respondents were asked: "Which of the following best describes the type of housing in which you live?" Results appear in Table 16.

Table 16. Type of Housing

| Housing | Frequency | $\mathbf{\%}(\mathbf{N}=\mathbf{2 6 7})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| House (own) | 64 | $24.0 \%$ |
| Rent Apartment/House (not subsidized) | 114 | $42.7 \%$ |
| Rent Apartment/House (Section 8, subsidized) | 37 | $13.9 \%$ |
| Condominium/Townhouse | 4 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Manufactured Housing (Mobile home) | 28 | $10.5 \%$ |
| Other | 20 | $7.5 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |

Two in five (42.7\%) respondents described their housing as a rented apartment or house that is not subsidized, while about one-quarter (24.0\%) said they own their house. About one in eight (13.9\%)
respondents said their housing is a rented apartment or house that is subsidized. One in ten (10.5\%) respondents live in manufactured housing or mobile homes.
"Other" Forms of Housing:

- B\&B
- Camper / RV Camper ( $\mathrm{N}=2$ )
- Live with family members/friends ( $\mathrm{N}=5$ )
- Homeless ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ )
- Home with a high payment
- In between
- Mortgage
- Rent
- SSVF
- Pending during SS Disability process
- Would like help with Section 8, but don't know how
- House which I can't pay the mortgage on and am now facing foreclosure


## Household Income

Respondents were asked: What was your total household income before taxes last year? Results appear in Figure 6.


Nearly one-quarter (23.3\%) of respondents had a household income below \$10,000 last year, about one in five (21.4\%) had income from $\$ 10,001$ up to $\$ 15,000$, and about one in six (15.8\%) had income from $\$ 15,001$ up to $\$ 20,000$. Approximately one in ten respondents had a household income either between $\$ 20,001$ to $\$ 25,000(10.9 \%)$ or $\$ 25,001$ to $\$ 30,000(8.6 \%)$. About one in six ( $15.3 \%$ ) respondents indicated household income of more than \$30,000 last year.

## Race/Ethnicity

Respondents were asked: "Which of the following best represents your race or ethnicity?" Responses appear in Figure 7.


Two in five (40.4\%) survey respondents described themselves as African American / Black. About onequarter of respondents said that either Latino/Hispanic (23.4\%) or White (27.9\%) best represents their race or ethnicity. Seven ( $2.6 \%$ ) respondents described themselves as biracial or multiracial, and four (1.5\%) noted other categories would be more appropriate.
"Other" Race/Ethnicity:

- Indian/White
- Indigenous North American
- Puerto Rican


## Employment Status

Respondents were asked: "What is your current employment status?" Responses appear in Figure 8.


Nearly 30 percent (29.3\%) of the survey respondents indicated they are employed full-time and about 13 percent ( $13.5 \%$ ) said they are employed part-time. One in five respondents indicated they were either disabled (21.1\%) or not currently employed ( $21.8 \%$ ); about one in ten ( $8.6 \%$ ) said they are retired; and four (1.5\%) said they are full-time students.

Level of Education
Respondents were asked: "What is the highest level of education that you completed?" Responses appear in Figure 9.


Approximately one-quarter of the respondents indicated having a high school diploma or GED (28.8\%), some college ( $27.7 \%$ ), or a college degree ( $24.7 \%$ ).

Household Size
Respondents were asked: "Including yourself, what is the total number of people in your household?" Responses appear in Figure 10.


About one in five survey respondents live alone (21.4\%). Similar percentages of respondents report living in two-person households (17.7\%), three-person households (17.3\%), four-person households (22.2\%), or households with five or more people (20.7\%).

## Language Spoken in Household

Respondents were asked: "What language do you speak most often in your household?" Responses appear in Figure 11.


Although about one in ten (8.7\%) survey respondents said they most often speak Spanish in their household, the vast majority ( $90.6 \%$ ) indicated speaking English at home. One respondent ( $0.4 \%$ ) indicated "Estonian" is most often spoken in their household.

Zip Code
Finally, respondents were asked to provide their 5-digit zip code. Responses, grouped by county, appear in Table 17.

Table 17. County of Residence

| County | Frequency | \% (N=251) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Bay | 1 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Collier | 3 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Glades | 2 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Hendry | 5 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Highlands | 15 | $6.0 \%$ |
| Indian River | 2 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Martin | 7 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Okeechobee | 3 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Osceola | 1 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Polk | 167 | $66.5 \%$ |
| St. Lucie | 42 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Sarasota | 1 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Outside Florida | 2 | $0.8 \%$ |

Two-thirds (66.5\%) of the respondents cited zip codes in Polk County. One in six (16.7\%) respondents provided zip codes from St. Lucie County.

## Section B: Community Organization Survey Results

## Organization/Agency Characteristics

The first series of questions asked respondents to describe their agency / organization. After noting their basic contact information (see Appendix A), organizations were asked which of a list of characteristics describe their agency/organization. The results, sorted by frequency, are presented in Table 1B. (Please note that respondents could provide more than one answer.)

Table 1B. Organization Descriptors

| Descriptor | Frequency | \% (N=18) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Charitable Organization | 8 | $44.4 \%$ |
| Community Organization/Advocacy | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Information and Referral Services | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Crisis Intervention | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Education | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Child Development Organization/Agency | 4 | $22.2 \%$ |
| Emergency Assistance | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Church/Religious Organization | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Employment and Training | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Family Services (e.g., counseling) | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Health Care Services | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Housing Services | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Multi-Purpose Community Center | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Senior/Aging Services | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Government Organization/Agency/Department | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Legal Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Mental Health Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Substance Abuse Care/Counseling | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other (please describe) | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |

Nearly half (44.4\%) of the responding organizations describe the agency as a "Charitable Organization" while one-third describe their agencies as "Community Organization/Advocacy" (33.3\%) or "Information and Referral Services" (33.3\%). About one-quarter of respondents described their agencies as "Crisis Intervention" (27.8\%) or "Education" (27.8\%) and about one-fifth as a "Child Development Organization / Agency" (22.2\%). One in eight (16.7\%) responding organizations used the descriptor "Emergency Assistance."

About one in ten (11.1\%) respondents described their agencies thusly: "Church/Religious Organization," "Employment and Training," "Family Services," "Health Care Services," "Housing Services," "MultiPurpose Community Center," or "Senior/Aging Services." Five respondents (27.8\%) provided "Other" descriptors, noted below.

## "Other" Descriptors:

- Child Care Resources \& Referral
- Dental Services
- Food
- Health Education \& Screenings, HIV/AIDS Case Management
- Not for Profit Childcare Subsidy, VPK, CCR\&R


## Services Provided / Supported

Organizations were next asked which of a list of services their agency/organization provides or supports.
The results, sorted by frequency, are presented in Table 2B. (Please note that respondents could provide more than one answer.)

Table 2B. Services Provided/Supported

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=18) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Advocacy | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Emergency Food | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Teen/Youth Services | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Case Management | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Child Care | 4 | $22.2 \%$ |
| Emergency Clothing | 4 | $22.2 \%$ |
| Financial Assistance | 4 | $22.2 \%$ |
| Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.) | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Housing Assistance | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Literacy Services | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Water Assistance | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| After School Care | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Health Care | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Health Education | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Nutrition Services | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Domestic Violence Outreach | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Foster Care | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Language Services (e.g., ESL, Interpretation, Translations, etc.) | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Senior/Aging Services | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Adults with Disabilities | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Family Counseling/Support | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Immigration/Naturalization | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Mental Health Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Prenatal Care | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Substance Abuse Care/Counseling | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Summer School | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance | 3 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other (please describe) | $16.7 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |

One-third (33.3\%) of the responding organizations said they provide or support "Advocacy," "Emergency Food," or "Teen/Youth Services," and one-quarter (27.8\%) provide "Case Management" services. One-
fifth (22.2\%) of the responding agencies provide "Child Care," "Emergency Clothing," or "Financial Assistance." One in six (16.7\%) responding agencies provide or support: "Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.)," "Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School," "Energy Assistance," "Housing Assistance," "Literacy Services," "Parenting Counseling/Education," or "Water Assistance."

Approximately one in ten (11.1\%) responding organizations provide or support: "After School Care," "Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities," "Employment Training/Counseling," "Health Care," "Health Education," "Nutrition Services," or "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)."

One organization (5.6\%) provides "Domestic Violence Outreach"; one (5.6\%) provides "Foster Care"; one (5.6\%) provides "Language Services (e.g., ESL, Interpretation, Translations, etc.)"; and one (5.6\%) provides "Senior/Aging Services". In addition, three respondents (16.7\%) noted the "Other" services listed below.
"Other" Services Provided/Supported:

- We are a funder (foundation)
- There are too many programs that are often specific to different populations - so hard to use a checklist to cover them all
- United Way supports other agencies


## Qualifications to Receive Services

The last question in this section asked: "Are there specific qualifications that people must meet to receive services from your organization/agency?" Results appear in Figure 1B.


Three in five (58.8\%) responding agencies have specific qualifications that people must meet to receive services from their organization, while about one in three (35.3\%) do not.

Those organizations/agencies that have qualifications ( $\mathrm{N}=10$ ) were asked to specify those requirements, which are listed below.

- Provide Documentation of Crisis
- Income/extenuating circumstances
- Need to live in the LaBelle area
- Youth has to be involved or associated with gangs
- Income eligibility and employment
- Need for a Home, Income, Citizenship, Credit, Live or Work in SLC
- Lower income, Uninsured resident of SLC between the ages of 19-64
- It depends on the program and service needed
- Income for School Readiness and Age for VPK
- Not sure


## Service Needs of Low-Income Households

The next series of questions asked respondents for their thoughts about the service needs of low-income households in their areas.

Number of Low-income Households
Respondents were asked: "Do you think the number of low-income households in your community increased, stayed about the same, or decreased over the last three years?" Results appear in Figure 2B.


Four in five (82.4\%) respondents think the number of low-income households in their community has increased over the last three years, while about one in ten (11.8\%) think the number has decreased.

## Service Availability for Low-income Households

Next, respondents were asked: "Do you think service availability for low-income households in your community has increased, stayed about the same, or decreased over the last three years?" Results appear in Figure 3B.


About one-quarter (23.5\%) of the respondents think service availability for low-income households in their community has increased over the last three years, nearly half (47.1\%) think it has stayed the same, and about one in six (17.6\%) think availability has decreased.

## Need for More Service Providers

Respondents were asked: "Do you think your area needs more service providers to assist low-income households in the community?" Results appear in Figure 4B.


About nine in ten ( $88.2 \%$ ) respondents think their area needs more service providers to assist lowincome households in the community, while about one in ten (11.8\%) are either unsure or preferred not to answer.

## Types of Additional Service Providers Needed

Those respondents who thought more service providers were needed to assist low-income households in their communities ( $\mathrm{N}=15$ ), were asked to specify what types of service providers are needed. The results, sorted by frequency, are presented in Table 3B. (Please note that respondents could provide more than one answer.)

Table 3B. Types of Additional Service Providers Needed

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=15) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mental Health Services | 14 | $93.3 \%$ |
| Housing Assistance | 13 | $86.7 \%$ |
| Emergency Assistance (Clothing, Food, Shelter) | 12 | $80.0 \%$ |
| Energy/Water/Utility Assistance | 10 | $66.7 \%$ |
| Child Care | 9 | $60.0 \%$ |
| Teen/Youth Services | 9 | $60.0 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance | 9 | $60.0 \%$ |
| Domestic Violence Outreach | 8 | $53.3 \%$ |
| Family Counseling/Support | 8 | $53.3 \%$ |
| Financial Assistance | 8 | $53.3 \%$ |
| Senior/Aging Services | 8 | $53.3 \%$ |
| Health Care | 7 | $46.7 \%$ |
| Substance Abuse Care/Counseling | 7 | $46.7 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling | 6 | $40.0 \%$ |
| Immigration/Naturalization | 6 | $40.0 \%$ |
| Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.) | 5 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School | 5 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Language Services (e.g., ESL, Interpretation, Translations, etc.) | 5 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance | 4 | $26.7 \%$ |

Nearly all (93.3\%) of the respondents who think more service providers are needed in the community indicate that more Mental Health Services are needed, and a similar number (86.7\%) believe more Housing Assistance is needed. Four in five (80.0\%) of these respondents feel more Emergency Assistance (Clothing, Food, Shelter) is needed.

Two-thirds (66.7\%) of these respondents said more Energy/Water/Utility Assistance is needed and three in five (60.0\%) said more Child Care, more Teen/Youth Services, or more Transportation Assistance is needed. About half of these respondents feel there is a need for more: Domestic Violence Outreach (53.3\%); Family Counseling/Support (53.3\%); Financial Assistance (53.3\%); Senior/Aging Services (53.3\%); Health Care (46.7\%); or Substance Abuse Care/Counseling (46.7\%).

Two in five (40.0\%) of these respondents see a need for more Employment Training/Counseling or Immigration/Naturalization services; one in three (33.3\%) sees a need for more Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.), Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School, or Language Services (e.g., ESL, Interpretation, Translations, etc.); and one in four (26.7\%) sees a need for more Legal Assistance.

## Barriers to Low-Income Households Receiving Assistance

The questionnaire next asked respondents to indicate the five greatest barriers to low-income households receiving assistance in our community. The results, sorted by frequency, are presented in Table 4B. (Please note that respondents could provide more than one answer.)

Table 4B. Barriers to Low-Income Households Receiving Assistance

| Barriers | Frequency | \% (N=18) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Lack of awareness of services available | 11 | $61.1 \%$ |
| Lack of transportation | 10 | $55.6 \%$ |
| Burden of proof to provide documents for eligibility | 8 | $44.4 \%$ |
| Difficulty completing required paperwork, forms, etc. | 8 | $44.4 \%$ |
| Comfort level with staff/agencies | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Language barriers | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Eligibility requirements | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Lack of access to technology (such as reliable internet service) | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Lack of childcare | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Lack of health insurance | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Length of waiting lists | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Conflicting rules/requirements among providers | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Days of the week agencies are open | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Lack of coordination among service providers | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Hours agencies are open | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Location of assistance agencies | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Service fees | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Other (please describe) | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |

The top barriers to low-income households receiving assistance cited by respondents were Lack of awareness of services available (61.1\%), Lack of transportation (55.6\%), Burden of proof to provide documents for eligibility (44.4\%), Difficulty completing required paperwork, forms, etc. (44.4\%), Comfort level with staff/agencies (33.3\%), and Language barriers (33.3\%).

Additionally, about one-quarter (27.8\%) of respondents mentioned Eligibility requirements, Lack of access to technology (such as reliable internet service), Lack of childcare, Lack of health insurance, or Length of waiting lists as barriers, and about one in six (16.7\%) mentioned Conflicting rules / requirements among providers or Days of the week agencies are open as barriers.

Two respondents (11.1\%) noted Lack of coordination among service providers as a barrier, one (5.6\%) mentioned Hours agencies are open, one (5.6\%) cited the Location of assistance agencies, and one (5.6\%) noted Service fees. In addition, one respondent (5.6\%) provided another barrier, the "benefit cliff."

## Current Waiting Lists

Respondents were next asked, "Does your organization/agency currently have a waiting list to receive services?" Results appear in Figure 5B.


Approximately one in three ( $31.3 \%$ ) respondents indicated that their organization/agency currently has a waiting list to receive services, while about three in five ( $62.5 \%$ ) said they do not.

Ability to Meet Current Need
The next question asked: "What percentage of the existing need for services is your organization/agency currently able to meet? Responses are presented in Table 5B.

Table 5B. Percentage of Existing Need Met by Organization/Agency

| Service | Frequency | $\%(\mathbf{N}=\mathbf{1 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $75 \%$ | 1 | $6.3 \%$ |
| $90 \%$ | 1 | $6.3 \%$ |
| $100 \%$ | 1 | $6.3 \%$ |
| Not sure | 11 | $68.8 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 2 | $12.5 \%$ |

Although the three agencies that provided estimates felt they met at least three-quarters of the need for the services they provide in the community, more than two in three ( $68.8 \%$ ) respondents were not sure how much existing need they are able to meet.

## Largest Unmet Needs for Services

The questionnaire next asked respondents to indicate the three largest unmet needs for low-income households in the area today. The results, sorted by frequency, are presented in Table 6B. (Please note that respondents could provide more than one answer.)

Table 6B. Largest Unmet Needs

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=18) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Housing Assistance | 9 | $50.0 \%$ |
| Mental Health Services | 7 | $38.9 \%$ |
| Emergency Shelter | 6 | $33.3 \%$ |
| Financial Assistance | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Energy Assistance | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Case Management | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Health Care | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Substance Abuse Care/Counseling | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |
| Adult Education (e.g., GED Assistance, Vo/Tech Training, etc.) | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Children with Disabilities | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Domestic Violence Outreach | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Early Childhood Education/Head Start/Pre-School | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Family Counseling/Support | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Language Services (e.g., ESL, Interpretation, Translations, etc.) | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Literacy Services | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Parenting Counseling/Education | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Teen/Youth Services | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Transportation Assistance | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Advocacy | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| After School Care | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Child Care | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Adults with Disabilities | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Emergency Clothing | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Emergency Food | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Employment Training/Counseling | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Foster Care | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Health Education | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Immigration/Naturalization | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Legal Assistance | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Nutrition Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Prenatal Care | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Senior/Aging Services | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Summer School | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Water Assistance | 1 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other (please describe) | $5.6 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |

The three largest unmet needs in the community today cited by respondents were Housing Assistance (50.0\%), Mental Health Services (38.9\%), and Emergency Shelter (33.3\%).

Beyond these three needs, about one-quarter (27.8\%) cited Financial Assistance and one-sixth (16.7\%) cited Energy Assistance as large unmet needs. Approximately one in ten (11.1\%) respondents indicated either Case Management, Health Care, or Substance Abuse Care/Counseling as large unmet needs.
"Other" Unmet Needs:

- Access to Affordable Housing (not assistance - availability), Financial Literacy, sustainable access to healthy food (this is not emergency food)


## Projected Change in Unmet Needs

Respondents were next asked: "Do you believe these unmet needs will change over the next three years? Results appear in Figure 6B.


Just two respondents (13.3\%) believe that the largest unmet needs in the community will change over the next three years. Notably, more than half ( $53.3 \%$ ) of the respondents were unsure.

The two respondents who indicated a potential for change in unmet needs were asked: "What do you think the three largest unmet needs for low-income households in the area will be three years from now?" These responses are shown in Table 7B.

Table 7B. Largest Unmet Needs Three Years from Now

| Service | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| Financial Assistance | 2 |
| Care, Education, and/or Advocacy for Adults with Disabilities | 1 |
| Emergency Shelter | 1 |
| Energy Assistance | 1 |
| Housing Assistance | 1 |

## Coordinating Services \& Funding

The final section of the questionnaire included questions about working with other service providers and funding sources.

## Referrals to Other Service Providers

The first question in this section asked: "Does your organization/agency make referrals to other providers?" Responses appear in Figure 7B.


All (100.0\%) of the respondents who answered the question said they do make referrals to other service providers.

## Referral Follow-Up

Agencies that do make referrals ( $\mathrm{N}=16$ ) were asked: "When you make a referral to another agency, how often do you know if the client received the needed services at the other agency?" Results appear in Figure 8B.


More than half ( $56.3 \%$ ) of the respondents said that they sometimes get notice that a referred client has received needed services at the other agency, but about two in four (37.5\%) respondents said this is rarely the case.

## Funding Sources

Respondents were asked from which sources they receive funding or contributions. Results appear in Table 8B.

Table 8B. Funding Sources

| Service | Frequency | \% (N=18) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Private donors | 12 | $66.7 \%$ |
| County government | 10 | $55.6 \%$ |
| Federal government | 9 | $50.0 \%$ |
| State government | 8 | $44.4 \%$ |
| Private foundation(s) | 7 | $38.9 \%$ |
| City government | 5 | $27.8 \%$ |
| Religious foundation(s) | 3 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Other | 1 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Not sure | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Prefer not to answer | 2 | $11.1 \%$ |

Two in three ( $66.7 \%$ ) respondents said their organizations/agencies receive funding or contributions from private donors, and more than half ( $55.6 \%$ ) received funding from the County government. Half ( $50.0 \%$ ) of the respondents receive funding from the Federal Government, and nearly as many receive funding from the State government (44.4\%).

Around two in five (38.9\%) survey respondents reported receiving funds or contributions from private foundations. About one-quarter ( $27.8 \%$ ) of the responding organizations receive funding from the City government, and one-sixth ( $16.7 \%$ ) from religious foundations.

In addition, one (5.6\%) respondent provided another response, stating that they receive contributions "from members of the church."

## Changes in Funding Availability

Next, the questionnaire asked: "Do you think funding availability for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has increased, stayed about the same, or decreased over the last three years?" Results appear in Figure 9B.


More than two in five (43.8\%) respondents feel that funding availability for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has decreased over the last three years. One-quarter (25.0\%) of survey respondents said funding availability for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has increased in the past three years, and about one-fifth (18.8\%) think it has stayed the same.

## Changes in Competition for Funding

Next, the questionnaire asked: "Do you think competition for available funding for organizations/ agencies that serve low-income households in our community has increased, stayed about the same, or decreased over the last three years?" Results appear in Figure 10B.


More than two in three (68.8\%) respondents feel that competition for available funding for organizations/agencies that serve low-income households in our community has increased over the last three years. One in eight ( $12.5 \%$ ) survey respondents said competition for available funding for organizations/ agencies that serve low-income households in our community has stayed the same over the past three years.

## Comments/Suggestions

Finally, the survey encouraged participants to "add any other comments or suggestions that might assist us in better understanding current and future needs in the community." These comments are presented verbatim below.

- Housing/medical for median income
- Funding has increased because of COVID response and economic recovery funding - that is not a long-term improvement - so please don't use this to predict future success. The funding is already going away.
- Eligibility for programs requiring income thresholds need adjusting as wages have increased. Substantially fewer lower income households qualify for benefits as they have reached the fiscal cliff for services.
- Funding increased dramatically due to COVID
- Homelessness. We have no place to send people in our area. We need better cooperation between agencies. We need more sharing of information.


## Section C: Secondary Data

This section of the report provides summarized data on community-focused levels of need in the 15 counties in the ALPI service area (Polk, Highlands, St. Lucie, Indian River, Okeechobee, Martin, Volusia, Hillsborough, Palm Beach, Hendry, Glades, Collier, Orange, Seminole, and Hardee). This section of the report makes it possible to determine, for example, how each county in the region compares to the other counties on key social and economic indicators, and how counties in the region compare to the state as a whole.

Secondary data from the US Census Bureau, the State of Florida, the Shimberg Center for Housing Studies at the University of Florida, and other similar sources was collected to assess community information in the following categories:

- Demographics (including migration)
- Housing
- Childcare and Parenting
- Information and Literacy
- Food and Nutrition
- Transportation
- Health and Healthcare
- Employment and Education

Researchers worked closely with ALPI leadership to choose the most appropriate indicators to measure relevant community characteristics, conditions, and needs. Data were then compiled in a series of tables which present information for each of the 15 counties, and when available, comparable information for the State of Florida and US. Six profiles - demographic, socioeconomic, housing, education, childcare \& parenting, health \& healthcare - are presented for each county.

## Data Sources

The vast majority of data were sourced from the US Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 1 -year data for 2021 and 5 -year data for the 2017-2021 period. Thus, the majority of data reflect 2021 standards. The 5 -year data were required in cases in which the geographic area of interest has a population below 20,000 . When data were acquired from a different source, or are presented for a different time period, this is noted in the table with a diamond symbol ${ }^{\circ}$ (these other sources are detailed below). For more direct access, ACS and other data were often gathered from collections at "FLHealthCHARTS," which is managed by the Florida Department of Health, Bureau of Community Health Assessment, Division of Public Health Statistics and Performance Management and contains data cataloged for each county in Florida. More details on the specific ACS tables utilized can be found there, along with medical and health/healthcare data they collect for each county in Florida.

Citations in addition to US Census Bureau, American Community Survey \& Florida CHARTS data: Demographic Profile:

- Veteran: Percentage of adult population who are veterans, Source: Veteran population data compiled by Florida Association of Counties from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs' National Center for Veterans Analysis and Statistics at: https://www.va.gov/vetdata/veteran population.asp.


## Socioeconomic Profile:

- Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire): 2017 estimates from The National Center for Farmworker Health (NCFH) http://www.ncfh.org/number-of-ag-workers.html


## Housing Profile:

- Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) \& ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units: From Assisted Housing Inventory, Shimberg Center; property lists from HUD, Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and USDA RD.; U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2020 Housing Inventory Count


## Education Profile:

- \% Children Enrolled in School Readiness: "Percentage of children age 0-5 in School Readiness compared to number below 150\% of Federal Poverty Level" (School Readiness paid enrollments include infants, toddlers, 2-year-olds, and preschool 3-year-olds, 4-year-olds and 5-year-olds. First Responder children are not included.); in FDoE, Division of Early Learning, Annual Report 2020 - 2021 (Source: Division of Early Learning, EFS Modernization School Readiness enrollment data)
- All State of Florida Head Start Data: Office of Head Start - Program Information Report (PIR), Summary Report - 2021 - State Level
- County-level Head Start Data: Collier County Public Schools; Hillsborough County Head Start /Early Head Start; Martin County School District; Orange County Government Head Start Annual Report

Health \& Health Care Profile:

- Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers): National Association of Community Health Centers, Inc. (NACHA) and Florida Voices for Health, https://www.healthyfla.org/connect

Below, a series of six summary tables provide detailed information for each of the counties:
Demographic Profile, Socioeconomic Profile, Housing Profile, Education Profile, Childcare \& Parenting Profile, and Health \& Health Care Profile. Then, the combined data, by topic area, is presented across the counties served by ALPI in six aggregated tables. These tables facilitate easy comparison of county-level data.

In addition, we first present summary data visualizations on topics of particular interest to ALPI that include all Florida counties. These illustrations represent key data that are further detailed in the countylevel tables that follow.

## Data Visualizations

Housing
More than $1 / 3$ of low-income, cost burdened renter households are headed by someone age 55 or older.

cost burdened renter households are age 55+.

- $37 \%$ of cost burdened renters are age 55 or older, up from 34\% in 2019.
- Includes 52,320 (6\%) age 75-84 and 26,711 (3\%) age 85+.
- Highest shares are in Pasco/Pinellas, Southwest/South Central Counties, and Treasure Coast/Palm Beach.

Source: Shimberg Center analysis of U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey; University of Florida Bureau of Business Research, 2022 Population Projections.

Renters at all income levels participate in the workforce. Most non-working renter households are made up of older adults or persons with disabilities.

Renter Households by Age/Disability, Work Status and Income (\% AMI), Florida, 2021


Source: Shimberg Center analysis of U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 American Community Survey; University of Florida Bureau of Business
Research, 2022 Population Projections.

Education


From: "The State(s) of Head Start and Early Head Start: Looking at Equity," ©2022 The National Institute for Early Education Research

| Florida |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FUNDING OVERVIEW | Enrollment overview |  |
| $\$ 394,991,90 \%$ <br> Federal Funding |  |  |
| \$0 |  |  |
| State Supplemental Funding | of 3 - and 4 -year-olds in poverty in Florida enrolled in Head Start | of children under 3 in poverty in Florida enrolled in Early Head Start |



From: Florida Division of Early Learning (https://www.floridaearlylearning.com/parents/coalitions)

Healthcare


From: Florida Health -- 2021 Physician Workforce Annual Report


Socioeconomic
Farmworker Population Estimates (2017)
SELECT WORKERS IN ANIMAL OR CROP PRODUCTION
All Production

© Copyright 2023 National Center for Farmworker Health


From: Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services


From: Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

## Whom Does SNAP Reach?

In fiscal year 2022, it helped:

- 2,847,100 Florida residents, or $\mathbf{1 3} \%$ of the state population (1 in 8)
- 41,206,900 participants in the United States, or $\mathbf{1 2} \%$ of the total population (1 in 8)

| FLORIDA | more than <br> $60 \%$ | more than <br> of SNAP participants are <br> in families with children | $47 \%$ <br> are in families with <br> members who are older <br> adults or are disabled |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | are in working families |
| :--- |

From: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities

```
Most SNAP Participants in Florida Have
Incomes Below the Poverty Line
Share of participants by household income, fiscal year
2020 (pre-pandemic period)
    Income at or below
    50% of poverty line
    Income between
    51-100% of poverty
    line
    Income above 100% 48%
    of poverty line
```



```
Source: CBPP analysis of data from USDA Food and Nutrition Service, fiscal year 2020 (pre-pandemic period) \({ }^{b}\)
```


## County Summaries

## Collier County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 372,797 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $50.5 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $49.5 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $79.6 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $6.6 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $13.9 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $28.5 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $4.3 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $14.1 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $14.7 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $32.0 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 51.5 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $11.1 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $2.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $88.4 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $11.6 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran |  | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $4.2 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below 100\% Poverty | $10.6 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $6.7 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $15.9 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $1.8 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 75,543$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 90,636$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 46,457$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $10.1 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $14.7 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $7.2 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $1.3 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1,837 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 225,093 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $73.7 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $26.3 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%(568)$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 5,190 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 1,098 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $26.3 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $58.1 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $5.1 \%(4,190)$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $4.6 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $6.8 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 10.5\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 13.3\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.3\% (131) | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 49.6\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $\begin{gathered} 36.5 \% \\ (5,024) \end{gathered}$ | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{0}$ | 1,958 (21.5) | 157,226 |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | 472.5 (249) | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 12.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ | 413 | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{0}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 82.7\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 13.7\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 20.0 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 15.3 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 77.8 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 19.7 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 14 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 13.6\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 12.1\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 12.7\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.8\% (3,983) | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 85.2 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 4.7 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 40.8 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

| Births to Mothers Ages 10 to 14 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.5 | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 15.4 (140) | 14.9 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $11.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $48.7 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $9.2 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $55.0 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 367.2 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | $362.8(239)$ | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $77.6 \%(409)$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $26.0 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Glades County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 13,363 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $44.0 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $56.0 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $59.1 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $13.9 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $7.8 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $22.2 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $3.3 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $13.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $16.2 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $25.9 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 47.2 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $11.8 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $8.8 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $17.3 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $82.7 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $7.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $5.6 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $19.2 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $13.2 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $19.8 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $16.3 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 39,709$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 44,152$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 25,790$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $14.0 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $17.7 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $12.9 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $1.7 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 959 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 6,668 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $81.7 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $18.3 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 76 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 26 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $13.1 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income* | $44.4 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $4.5 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $2.1 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $8.1 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $30.6 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $10.6 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.6 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $50.0 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $23.2 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | $75(25)$ | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $1000(14)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $6.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |  |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 75.1\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 21.2\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 8.1\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 26.8\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 27.1\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.0\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 82.2 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 16.1 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 109.5 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 16.8 (14) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $12.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $12.9 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.4 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $1.7 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 956.5 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | $\mathbf{1 , 2 3 0 . 8}$ | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $17.1 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $22.0 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Hardee County

Demographic Profile

|  |  | County | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 27,228 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $46.9 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $53.1 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $46.2 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $7.8 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $4.7 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $44.2 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $6.5 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $21.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $22.3 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $15.5 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 35.1 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $8.2 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $2.9 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $38.6 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $61.4 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran |  |  |  |

Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $6.5 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below 100\% Poverty | $21.9 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $20.8 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $33.1 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $35.0 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 41,395$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 52,074$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 16,809$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $15.4 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $20.3 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $25.7 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.2 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3161 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 9,937 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $66.7 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $33.3 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 640 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 242 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | 13.5 | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $48.7 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $2.6 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $4.0 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $2.1 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $23.8 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $16.3 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.2 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $41.6 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $64.0 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | 172 (19.1) | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $829.8(39)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $10.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |  |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 71.6\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 18.6\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 4.0 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 11.9 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 35.2\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 19.7\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 5.3\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.7\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 79.5 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 16.1 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 33.3 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

## Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages 10 to 14 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 37.3 (101) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $24.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $22.1 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.1 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $87.4 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 777.8 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | $1,106.3$ | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $55.9 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $34.2 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Hendry County

Demographic Profile

|  |  | County | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 40,127 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $47.1 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $52.9 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $29.8 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $12.1 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $5.6 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $56.5 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $7.1 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $22.4 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $22.7 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $13.7 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 33.9 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $8.7 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $4.8 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $64.0 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $36.0 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $4.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $8.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $21.7 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $23.3 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $32.2 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $6.2 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 38,843$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 42,586$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 26,421$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $13.9 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $22.3 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $21.8 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $1.5 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 4350 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 16,130 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $69.3 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $30.7 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 663 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 434 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $25.3 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $50.0 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $4.0 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $7.6 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $2.8 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $30.7 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $23.9 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.2 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $65.8 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $64.3 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | 403 (20.2) | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | 241.5 (71) | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $15.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |  |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 72.9\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 15.5\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 4.8 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 4.8 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 21.8 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 2.4 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 2 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 38.5\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 27.6\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 18.7\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 2.6\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 77.7 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 14.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 76.0 | 31.0 |  |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 29.4 (115) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $17.3 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $27.6 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $1.2 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $73.4 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 167.2 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 7 . 9}$ | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $68.5 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $37.0 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Highlands County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |  | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 105,618 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |  |  |
| Female | $50.9 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Male | $49.1 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |  |  |
| White | $64.8 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Black | $10.8 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Other | $4.3 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Hispanic (any race) | $22.1 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Under Age 5 | $4.1 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 0 to 14 | $14.1 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 5 to 19 | $14.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 65 \& older | $35.7 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Median age | 54.4 | 42.3 | 38.8 |  |  |
| Disabled | $13.1 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Disabled (under 18) | $5.3 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Urban | $80.1 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Rural | $19.9 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $11.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |  |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.7 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $15.1 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $8.5 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $9.7 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $16.4 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 46,895$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 60,068$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 25,815$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $11.6 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $22.5 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $16.4 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 3230 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 58,590 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $76.6 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $23.4 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ..HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1453 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 682 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $29.6 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $56.9 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $6.1 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $5.5 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $5.8 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $14.1 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $7.1 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.4 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $41.4 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $66.0 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | $489(17.5)$ | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $676.8(134)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $17.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 74.1\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 13.5\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 15.5 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 8.7 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 30.1 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 4.9 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 26.6\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 18.8\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 10.1\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 3.1\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 78.8 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 80.5 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | $24.3(166)$ | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $12.7 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $16.8 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.5 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $70.6 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 412.0 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 0 . 4}$ | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $66.6 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $26.5 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Hillsborough County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | $1,478,194$ | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $50.8 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $49.2 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $46.0 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $18.5 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $8.6 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $30.5 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $5.8 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $18.3 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $18.7 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $14.9 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 37.9 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $7.9 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $4.0 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $96.3 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $3.7 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $7.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below 100\% Poverty | $14.3 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $10.3 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $16.0 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $13.5 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 60,566$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 81,290$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 44,396$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $18.0 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $16.3 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $14.3 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.3 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\circ}$ | 16,852 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 628,454 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $59.9 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $40.1 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 20,554 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 4,897 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $13.3 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $23.0 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $53.9 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $3.4 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $5.3 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 11.1\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 12.0\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 50.2\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | 72.8\% | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,268 \\ (21.4) \end{gathered}$ | 21.5\% |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $\begin{gathered} 577.0 \\ (1,566) \end{gathered}$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 26.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3,071 | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment | 343 | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{0}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 81.6\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 15.6\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 18.2 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 28.3 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 66.6 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 29.5 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 17 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 23.9\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 12.1\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 11.8\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.9\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 79.0 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 7.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 25.1 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 15.8 (2,119) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $9.6 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $30.9 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $5.2 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $70.8 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 363.6 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 723.8 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $75.5 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $29.4 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

Indian River County
Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 167,352 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $51.7 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $48.3 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $74.4 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $9.5 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $4.0 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $13.3 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $3.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $12.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $14 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $34.3 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 55.1 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $9.5 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $5.6 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $92.8 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $7.2 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran |  |  |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.4 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.7 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $7.8 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $14.5 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $11.0 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 57,945$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 70,571$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 40,512$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $15.3 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $16.1 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $11.2 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.1 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 1810 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 86,505 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $79.6 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $20.4 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.3 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 2,701 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 528 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $20.2 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $62.8 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $3.8 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $4.3 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $5.5 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 9.9\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 3.7\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 45.3\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | 63.6\% | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{\circ}$ | 878 (21.4) | 21.5\% |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | 470.6 (104) | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 24.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{0}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 81.4\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 13.2\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 23.1 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 15.2 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 65.1 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 23.1 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 4 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 17.9\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 17.4\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 9.6\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.9\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 80.5 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 12.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 33.0 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 15.3 (154) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $6.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $18.4 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.1 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $60.1 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 450.2 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 598.3 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $44.1 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $28.8 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Martin County

Demographic Profile

|  |  | County | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 159,942 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $51.3 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $48.7 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $77.1 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $5.6 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $4.6 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $14.7 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $3.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $13.2 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $14.3 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $31.7 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 53.3 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $8.1 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $3.4 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $92.7 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $7.3 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $9.2 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $6.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.4 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $7.4 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $12.6 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $14.2 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 65,821$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 81,087$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 36,542$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $10.3 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $12.7 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $7.8 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $1.7 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 1681 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 82,908 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $79.2 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $20.8 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1,066 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 365 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $23.9 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $57.4 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $3.4 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $5.7 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $7.6 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $8.6 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $5.7 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.2 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $57.2 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $71.9 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | 1,014 (24.1) | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $438.9(97)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $36.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ | 170 | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 84.6\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 11.9\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 16.2 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 8.7 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 92.4 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 25.6 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 2 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 13.5\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 10.0\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 11.1\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.4\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 81.6 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 1.6 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 31.4 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

## Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages 10 to 14 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 14.2 (155) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $20.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $26.3 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $2.9 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $92.0 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 359.4 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 352.5 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $32.9 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $25.2 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Okeechobee County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 40,572 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $46.2 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $53.8 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $61.7 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $8.4 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $4.5 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $27.5 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $5.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $17.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $18.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $19.3 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 41.1 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $11.9 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $7.9 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $63.6 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $36.4 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $7.1 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $5.4 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $20.9 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $15.2 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $27.8 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $30.8 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 46,097$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 55,061$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 26,238$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $14.7 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $18.4 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $19.7 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $4.2 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 1660 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 18,570 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $72.8 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $27.2 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 302 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 152 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $12.4 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $43.8 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $5.0 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $3.2 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $3.6 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $20.2 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $11.0 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.5 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry |  |  |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $87.7 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | 322 (29.3) | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $343.4(34)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $20.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 73.4\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 15.1\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 15.4 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 2.6 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 20.5 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 0.0 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 2 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 32.0\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 16.6\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 9.9\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 2.4\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 76.1 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 7.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 27.6 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 43.0 (138) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $19.1 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $\mathbf{1 8 . 5 \%}$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.6 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $82.5 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 290.3 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 976.9 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $9.2 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $24.4 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Orange County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | $1,422,746$ | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $50.7 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $49.3 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $38.6 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $22.8 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $9.6 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $33.4 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $5.7 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $17.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $19.1 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $12.8 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 36.6 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $8.1 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $5.2 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $97.7 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $2.3 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $5.3 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $10.6 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $14.9 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.9 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $17.3 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $13.6 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 61,416$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 76,210$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 43,855$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $11.2 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $20.8 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $17.0 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $3.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 3064 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 587,969 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $56.5 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $43.5 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ..HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 30,188 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 2,453 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $15.1 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $30.1 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $60.8 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $3.1 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $6.3 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 11.3\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 14.9\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.2\% | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 50.5\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | 65.0\% | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,961 \\ (24.5) \end{gathered}$ | 21.5\% |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $\begin{gathered} 451.3 \\ (1,181) \end{gathered}$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 27.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 1759 | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment | 6 | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{0}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{0}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 79.8\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 15.2\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 20.9 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 38.1 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 62.5 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 15.4 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 30 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 23.1\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 13.3\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 12.5\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 80.1 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 28.8 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 12.4 (1,705) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $8.3 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $42.4 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $1.9 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $60.9 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 356.6 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 381.4 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $48.2 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $27.3 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Palm Beach County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | $1,497,987$ | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $51.2 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $48.8 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $52.6 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $20.1 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $5.6 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $23.9 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $4.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $15.5 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $16.1 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $24.5 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 45.4 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $7.0 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $3.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $99.2 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $0.8 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $5.9 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.6 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.6 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $8.2 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $12.8 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $12.3 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 65,015$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 87,614$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 44,434$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $10.6 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $16.9 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $11.8 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.2 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 9748 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 720,741 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $69.4 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $30.6 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ..HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 13,913 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 2,338 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $15.9 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $36.8 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $61.3 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $2.8 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $5.2 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 10.9\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 14.6\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.3\% | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 46.3\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | 95.5\% | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{0}$ | 9,604 (26.0) | 21.5\% |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $\begin{gathered} 442.8 \\ (1,385) \end{gathered}$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 35.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 81.8\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 15.8\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 15.6 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 21.3 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 81.9 | 55.7 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 36.1 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) | 9 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 19.3\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 18.1\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 12.9\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.6\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 81.8 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 5.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 33.9 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | $\mathbf{1 3 . 5}$ (1,590) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $15.5 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $44.9 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $2.1 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $84.7 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 404.5 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 401.1 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $66.1 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $26.4 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Polk County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |  | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 753,520 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |  |  |
| Female | $50.7 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Male | $49.3 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |  |  |
| White | $53.9 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Black | $16.8 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Other | $5.2 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Hispanic (any race) | $27.4 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Under Age 5 | $5.6 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 0 to 14 | $18.2 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 5 to 19 | $18.9 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 65 \& older | $19.8 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Median age | 39.9 | 42.3 | 38.8 |  |  |
| Disabled | $10.3 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Disabled (under 18) | $5.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Urban | $89.1 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Rural | $10.9 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |  |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $9.0 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $15.6 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.6 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $18.5 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $21.8 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 51,535$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 66,241$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 35,198$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $12.9 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $20.8 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $14.8 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.8 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 6562 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 340,760 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $69.1 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $30.9 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 7,239 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 2,493 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $12.9 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $31.7 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $51.7 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $5.0 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $4.9 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $13.6 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $9.4 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.2 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $43.1 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $76.8 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | 3,875 (19.6) | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | 347.6 (689) | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $24.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |  |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 75.2\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 19.8\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 10.2 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 7.6 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 26.3 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 6.6 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 7 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 29.8\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 16.0\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 13.5\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 2.7\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 77.9 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 7.4 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 32.8 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 21.3 (1,379) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $13.5 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $25.6 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.8 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $64.1 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 293.9 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 755.9 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $53.0 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $26.1 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

Seminole County
Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |  | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 470,093 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |  |  |
| Female | $51.3 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Male | $48.7 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |  |  |
| White | $57.4 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Black | $13.4 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Other | $8.8 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Hispanic (any race) | $23.3 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Under Age 5 | $5.0 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 0 to 14 | $16.9 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 5 to 19 | $17.6 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 65 \& older | $16.4 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Median age | 39.8 | 42.3 | 38.8 |  |  |
| Disabled | $7.1 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Disabled (under 18) | $4.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Urban | $96.8 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Rural | $3.2 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $6.8 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |  |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.2 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $9.4 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | $6.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $9.1 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $11.4 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 70,297$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 87,954$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 47,221$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $10.1 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $12.7 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $11.1 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 525 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 199,624 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $66.0 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $44.0 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 5,596 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 210 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $22.7 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $49.3 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $2.7 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $4.2 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $7.1 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 5.8\% | 11.0\% | 10.6\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 6.2\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | 0.3\% | 0.5\% |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 61.4\% | 56.9\% |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | 54.8\% | 69.9\% |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3,635 (20.7) | 21.5\% |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | 461.2 (429) | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | 27.0\% | 26.0\% |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 27.0\% | 30.0\% |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{0}$ |  | 9.0\% | 9.4\% |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$8,231 | \$11,065 |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | \$14,571 | \$16,583 |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 83.1\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 13.3\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 30.5 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 19.0 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 66.1 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 23.3 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 15.8\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 12.3\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 11.8\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.7\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 80.5 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 3.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 29.4 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 8.6 (358) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $4.6 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $25.2 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $0.9 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $56.1 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 358.0 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 548.9 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $50.6 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $21.5 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

St. Lucie County
Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |  | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 343,579 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |  |  |
| Female | $50.9 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Male | $49.1 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |  |  |
| White | $53.9 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Black | $22.3 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Other | $5.2 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Hispanic (any race) | $21.1 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |  |  |
| Under Age 5 | $4.8 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 0 to 14 | $16.2 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 5 to 19 | $17.3 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |  |  |
| Age 65 \& older | $24.4 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Median age | 45.4 | 42.3 | 38.8 |  |  |
| Disabled | $9.9 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Disabled (under 18) | $5.1 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| Urban | $96.5 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Rural | $3.5 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Veteran |  |  |  |  |  |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.8 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $11.4 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $7.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $12.4 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $9.4 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 55,237$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 73,435$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 35,969$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $11.7 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $19.4 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $14.5 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $3.7 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 1803 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 160,601 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $75.9 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $24.1 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ..HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 3,430 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 276 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $13.9 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $26.2 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $53.5 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $4.0 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $5.6 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $11.8 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $8.7 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.4 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $47.2 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $35.1 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | $2,140(25.5)$ | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $402.6(186)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $29.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 77.8\% | 80.3\% | 71.0\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past year due to cost | 17.2\% | 12.1\% | 8.7\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 10.2 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 9.7 | 21.6 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 27.6 | 55.7 |  |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 6.5 | 23.0 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers (Community Health Care Centers) ${ }^{0}$ | 3 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 24.5\% | 22.4\% | 18.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 18.1\% | 12.6\% | 13.9\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 13.8\% | 12.1\% | 14.3\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 2.8\% | 2.0\% | N/A |
| Life Expectancy | 79.5 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 4.5 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 34.4 | 31.0 | 29.5 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 16.6 (408) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $11.9 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $28.7 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $4.5 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $62.3 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 439.4 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 513.0 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $60.8 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $28.5 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

## Volusia County

Demographic Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 579,192 | $21,339,762$ | $331,893,745$ |
| Female | $51.0 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ |
| Male | $49.0 \%$ | $49.2 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ |
| White | $69.3 \%$ | $67.7 \%$ | $75.8 \%$ |
| Black | $11.7 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| Other | $5.0 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Hispanic (any race) | $16.1 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Under Age 5 | $4.5 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Age 0 to 14 | $14.5 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ |
| Age 5 to 19 | $15.5 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Age 65 \& older | $25.0 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $16.8 \%$ |
| Median age | 46.7 | 42.3 | 38.8 |
| Disabled | $11.8 \%$ | $13.4 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Disabled (under 18) | $4.9 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Urban | $91.5 \%$ | $89.6 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| Rural | $8.5 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |
| Veteran ${ }^{\circ}$ | $10.4 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## Socioeconomic Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian Labor Force Unemployed | $7.6 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Individuals Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $13.8 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| Families Below $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ Poverty | $8.5 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 18 | $14.3 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| ...with children under 5 | $14.8 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Median HH Income | $\$ 52,407$ | $\$ 63,062$ | $\$ 69,717$ |
| Median family income | $\$ 70,165$ | $\$ 76,199$ | $\$ 85,806$ |
| Median nonfamily income | $\$ 34,951$ | $\$ 36,196$ | $\$ 38,332$ |
| Food Insecurity Rate | $13.3 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | $18.2 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Households with SNAP benefits | $13.5 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| Households with cash public assistance income | $2.1 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Number of Farmworkers (Contract \& Direct hire) ${ }^{\boldsymbol{0}}$ | 2978 | 126,966 | $2,938,343$ |

Housing Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 282,208 | $9,764,897$ | $127,544,730$ |
| Owner-occupied | $71.5 \%$ | $67.4 \%$ | $65.4 \%$ |
| Renter-occupied | $28.5 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| Homeless Estimate | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| Assisted Housing Units (Total, all funders) |  |  |  |
| ...HUD/RD Rental Assistance Units ${ }^{\circ}$ | 7,738 | 294,824 |  |
| Population with Severe Housing Problems | 1,774 | 70,234 |  |
| Owner-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $32.1 \%$ | $18.8 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Renter-Occupied HHs with Monthly Housing <br> Costs of 30\% or More of HH Income | $56.0 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $27.6 \%$ |
| Population with an Independent Living <br> Disability, Aged 18-64 | $4.5 \%$ | $58.9 \%$ | $51.1 \%$ |
| No vehicles available | $5.3 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ |
| Residence 1 year ago was in a different county | $4.7 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ |

Education Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | $8.9 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than <br> very well | $3.6 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| Students with Emotional / Behavioral Disability (K- <br> 12, per 1,000 K-12 students) | $0.6 \%$ | $0.5 \%$ |  |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | $49.3 \%$ | $56.9 \%$ |  |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized <br> childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $77.8 \%$ | $69.9 \%$ |  |
| Children participating in voluntary pre-K programs <br> (per \# of VPK providers) | $3,317(19)$ | $21.5 \%$ |  |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services <br> (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $487.5(429)$ | 413.9 |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness ${ }^{\circ}$ | $34.0 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |
| Head Start Enrollment ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 28,882 | 519,243 |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  | 12,080 | 208,351 |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $27.0 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in Early Head Start ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $9.0 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $\$ 8,231$ | $\$ 11,065$ |
| Early Head Start Funding per Child ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\$ 14,571$ | $\$ 16,583$ |  |

Health \& Health Care Profile

|  | County |  | Florida |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good <br> to excellent | $78.2 \%$ | $80.3 \%$ | $71.0 \%$ |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in the past <br> year due to cost | $17.6 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per <br> 100,000 population <br> Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 <br> population | 26.8 | 18.9 |  |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 7.5 | 21.6 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers <br> (Community Health Care Centers) | 40.1 | 55.7 |  |
| Federally qualified health centers <br> (Community Health Care Centers) | 10.6 | 23.0 |  |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 2 | 683 | 14,276 |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | $22.9 \%$ | $22.4 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | $11.0 \%$ | $12.6 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) <br> Clients | $2.2 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ |
| Life Expectancy | 76.7 | $2.0 \%$ | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 <br> live births) | 5.3 | 77.5 | 77.3 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 36.4 | 5.9 | 5.6 |

Childcare \& Parenting Profile

|  | County | Florida | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Births to Mothers Ages $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 9}$ per 1,000 <br> Female Pop | 17.2 (724) | 14.9 | 13.9 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High <br> School Education | $8.8 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of <br> births) | $14.0 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | $3.1 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| WIC Eligibles Served | $43.1 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 <br> children in Pre-K) | 452.0 | 357.7 |  |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per <br> 100,000 population) | 817.5 | 590.4 |  |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $54.7 \%$ | $61.0 \%$ |  |
| Children in Single-Parent HHs (Age 0 to 17 <br> years) | $29.2 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |

Service Area Summary Tables
The tables below combine the data, by topic area, across the counties served by ALPI. These tables facilitate easy comparison of county-level data.

Demographic Profile

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & y \\ & \frac{y}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{c} \\ & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{4} \\ & \frac{2}{c} \\ & \hline 0 \\ & >0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population | 372,797 | 13,363 | 27,228 | 40,127 | 105,618 | 1,478,194 | 167,352 | 159,942 | 40,572 | 1,422,746 | 1,497,987 | 753,520 | 470,093 | 343,579 | 579,192 |
| Female | 50.5\% | 44.0\% | 46.9\% | 47.1\% | 50.9\% | 50.8\% | 51.7\% | 51.3\% | 46.2\% | 50.7\% | 51.2\% | 50.7\% | 51.3\% | 50.9\% | 51.0\% |
| Male | 49.5\% | 56.0\% | 53.1\% | 52.9\% | 49.1\% | 49.2\% | 48.3\% | 48.7\% | 53.8\% | 49.3\% | 48.8\% | 49.3\% | 48.7\% | 49.1\% | 49.0\% |
| White | 79.6\% | 59.1\% | 46.2\% | 29.8\% | 64.8\% | 46.0\% | 74.4\% | 77.1\% | 61.7\% | 38.6\% | 52.6\% | 53.9\% | 57.4\% | 53.9\% | 69.3\% |
| Black | 6.6\% | 13.9\% | 7.8\% | 12.1\% | 10.8\% | 18.5\% | 9.5\% | 5.6\% | 8.4\% | 22.8\% | 20.1\% | 16.8\% | 13.4\% | 22.3\% | 11.7\% |
| Other | 13.9\% | 7.8\% | 4.7\% | 5.6\% | 4.3\% | 8.6\% | 4.0\% | 4.6\% | 4.5\% | 9.6\% | 5.6\% | 5.2\% | 8.8\% | 5.2\% | 5.0\% |
| Hispanic (any race) | 28.5\% | 22.2\% | 44.2\% | 56.5\% | 22.1\% | 30.5\% | 13.3\% | 14.7\% | 27.5\% | 33.4\% | 23.9\% | 27.4\% | 23.3\% | 21.1\% | 16.1\% |
| Under Age 5 | 4.3\% | 3.3\% | 6.5\% | 7.1\% | 4.1\% | 5.8\% | 3.9\% | 3.9\% | 5.9\% | 5.7\% | 4.9\% | 5.6\% | 5.0\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% |
| Age <br> 0 to 14 | 14.1\% | 13.9\% | 21.9\% | 22.4\% | 14.1\% | 18.3\% | 12.9\% | 13.2\% | 17.9\% | 17.9\% | 15.5\% | 18.2\% | 16.9\% | 16.2\% | 14.5\% |
| Age <br> 5 to 19 | 14.7\% | 16.2\% | 22.3\% | 22.7\% | 14.4\% | 18.7\% | 14\% | 14.3\% | 18.4\% | 19.1\% | 16.1\% | 18.9\% | 17.6\% | 17.3\% | 15.5\% |
| Age 65 \& older | 32.0\% | 25.9\% | 15.5\% | 13.7\% | 35.7\% | 14.9\% | 34.3\% | 31.7\% | 19.3\% | 12.8\% | 24.5\% | 19.8\% | 16.4\% | 24.4\% | 25.0\% |
| Median age | 51.5 | 47.2 | 35.1 | 33.9 | 54.4 | 37.9 | 55.1 | 53.3 | 41.1 | 36.6 | 45.4 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 45.4 | 46.7 |
| Disabled | 11.1\% | 11.8\% | 8.2\% | 8.7\% | 13.1\% | 7.9\% | 9.5\% | 8.1\% | 11.9\% | 8.1\% | 7.0\% | 10.3\% | 7.1\% | 9.9\% | 11.8\% |
| Disabled (under 18) | 2.7\% | 8.8\% | 2.9\% | 4.8\% | 5.3\% | 4.0\% | 5.6\% | 3.4\% | 7.9\% | 5.2\% | 3.7\% | 5.7\% | 4.7\% | 5.1\% | 4.9\% |
| Urban | 88.4\% | 17.3\% | 38.6\% | 64.0\% | 80.1\% | 96.3\% | 92.8\% | 92.7\% | 63.6\% | 97.7\% | 99.2\% | 89.1\% | 96.8\% | 96.5\% | 91.5\% |
| Rural | 11.6\% | 82.7\% | 61.4\% | 36.0\% | 19.9\% | 3.7\% | 7.2\% | 7.3\% | 36.4\% | 2.3\% | 0.8\% | 10.9\% | 3.2\% | 3.5\% | 8.5\% |
| Veteran | 8.0\% | 7.1\% | 5.2\% | 4.1\% | 11.1\% | 7.1\% | 10.1\% | 9.2\% | 7.1\% | 5.3\% | 5.9\% | 7.5\% | 6.8\% | 8.4\% | 10.4\% |


|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{y}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \hline 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 릉 를 을 픙 |  |  |  |  | 든 <br> 흘 <br> 을 <br> 1 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { 를 } \\ \stackrel{y}{0} \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{2} \\ & \frac{3}{0} \\ & >0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor Force Unemployed | 4.2\% | 5.6\% | 6.5\% | 8.1\% | 7.7\% | 7.1\% | 7.4\% | 6.1\% | 5.4\% | 10.6\% | 7.6\% | 9.0\% | 7.2\% | 7.8\% | 7.6\% |
| Individuals <br> Below 100\% <br> Poverty | 10.6\% | 19.2\% | 21.9\% | 21.7\% | 15.1\% | 14.3\% | 11.7\% | 11.4\% | 20.9\% | 14.9\% | 11.6\% | 15.6\% | 9.4\% | 11.4\% | 13.8\% |
| Families Below 100\% Poverty | 6.7\% | 13.2\% | 20.8\% | 23.3\% | 8.5\% | 10.3\% | 7.8\% | 7.4\% | 15.2\% | 11.9\% | 8.2\% | 11.6\% | 6.0\% | 7.0\% | 8.5\% |
| ...with kids under 18 | 15.9\% | 19.8\% | 33.1\% | 32.2\% | 9.7\% | 16.0\% | 14.5\% | 12.6\% | 27.8\% | 17.3\% | 12.8\% | 18.5\% | 9.1\% | 12.4\% | 14.3\% |
| ...with kids under 5 | 1.8\% | 16.3\% | 35.0\% | 6.2\% | 16.4\% | 13.5\% | 11.0\% | 14.2\% | 30.8\% | 13.6\% | 12.3\% | 21.8\% | 11.4\% | 9.4\% | 14.8\% |
| Median HH Income | \$75,543 | \$39,709 | \$41,395 | \$38,843 | \$46,895 | \$60,566 | \$57,945 | \$65,821 | \$46,097 | \$61,416 | \$65,015 | \$51,535 | \$70,297 | \$55,237 | \$52,407 |
| Median family income | \$90,636 | \$44,152 | \$52,074 | \$42,586 | \$60,068 | \$81,290 | \$70,571 | \$81,087 | \$55,061 | \$76,210 | \$87,614 | \$66,241 | \$87,954 | \$73,435 | \$70,165 |
| Median nonfamily income | \$46,457 | \$25,790 | \$16,809 | \$26,421 | \$25,815 | \$44,396 | \$40,512 | \$36,542 | \$26,238 | \$43,855 | \$44,434 | \$35,198 | \$47,221 | \$35,969 | \$34,951 |
| Food Insecurity Rate | 10.1\% | 14.0\% | 15.4\% | 13.9\% | 11.6\% | 18.0\% | 15.3\% | 10.3\% | 14.7\% | 11.2\% | 10.6\% | 12.9\% | 10.1\% | 11.7\% | 13.3\% |
| Child Food Insecurity Rate | 14.7\% | 17.7\% | 20.3\% | 22.3\% | 22.5\% | 16.3\% | 16.1\% | 12.7\% | 18.4\% | 20.8\% | 16.9\% | 20.8\% | 12.7\% | 19.4\% | 18.2\% |
| HHs with SNAP benefits | 7.2\% | 12.9\% | 25.7\% | 21.8\% | 16.4\% | 14.3\% | 11.2\% | 7.8\% | 19.7\% | 17.0\% | 11.8\% | 14.8\% | 11.1\% | 14.5\% | 13.5\% |
| HHs with cash public assistance | 1.3\% | 1.7\% | 2.2\% | 1.5\% | 2.0\% | 2.3\% | 2.1\% | 1.7\% | 4.2\% | 3.0\% | 2.2\% | 2.8\% | 2.0\% | 3.7\% | 2.1\% |
| Number of Farmworkers | 1,837 | 959 | 3161 | 4350 | 3230 | 16,852 | 1810 | 1681 | 1660 | 3064 | 9748 | 6562 | 525 | 1803 | 2978 |


|  | $\frac{\text { 흔 }}{\bar{\circ}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & y \\ & \frac{y}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{5} \\ & \frac{\pi}{5} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 릉 } \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 을 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 응 릉 응 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 를 } \\ & \stackrel{3}{0} \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{5} \\ & \frac{2}{5} \\ & \frac{3}{0} \\ & >0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Housing Units | 225,093 | 6,668 | 9,937 | 16,130 | 58,590 | 628,454 | 86,505 | 82,908 | 18,570 | 587,969 | 720,741 | 340,760 | 199,624 | 160,601 | 282,208 |
| Owner-occupied | 73.7\% | 81.7\% | 66.7\% | 69.3\% | 76.6\% | 59.9\% | 79.6\% | 79.2\% | 72.8\% | 56.5\% | 69.4\% | 69.1\% | 66.0\% | 75.9\% | 71.5\% |
| Renter-occupied | 26.3\% | 18.3\% | 33.3\% | 30.7\% | 23.4\% | 40.1\% | 20.4\% | 20.8\% | 27.2\% | 43.5\% | 30.6\% | 30.9\% | 44.0\% | 24.1\% | 28.5\% |
| Homeless <br> Estimate | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \% \\ & (568) \end{aligned}$ | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% |
| Assisted Housing Units | 5,190 | 76 | 640 | 663 | 1453 | 20,554 | 2,701 | 1,066 | 302 | 30,188 | 13,913 | 7,239 | 5,596 | 3,430 | 7,738 |
| ...HUD/RD Units | 1,098 | 26 | 242 | 434 | 682 | 4,897 | 528 | 365 | 152 | 2,453 | 2,338 | 2,493 | 210 | 276 | 1,774 |
| Population w/ Severe Housing Problems | 15.7\% | 13.1\% | 13.5 | 19.3\% | 12.0\% | 13.3\% | 12.7\% | 13.2\% | 12.4\% | 15.1\% | 15.9\% | 12.9\% | 12.2\% | 13.9\% | 13.1\% |
| Owner-Occ HHs Monthly Housing Costs 30\%+ HH Income | 26.3\% | 15.0\% | 12.0\% | 25.3\% | 29.6\% | 23.0\% | 20.2\% | 23.9\% | 17.5\% | 30.1\% | 36.8\% | 31.7\% | 22.7\% | 26.2\% | 32.7\% |
| Renter-Occ HHs Monthly Housing Costs 30\%+ HH Income | 58.1\% | 44.4\% | 48.7\% | 50.0\% | 56.9\% | 53.9\% | 62.8\% | 57.4\% | 43.8\% | 60.8\% | 61.3\% | 51.7\% | 49.3\% | 53.5\% | 56.0\% |
| Population w/Independent Living Disability, Aged 18-64 | $\begin{gathered} 5.1 \% \\ (4,190) \end{gathered}$ | 4.5\% | 2.6\% | 4.0\% | 6.1\% | 3.4\% | 3.8\% | 3.4\% | 5.0\% | 3.1\% | 2.8\% | 5.0\% | 2.7\% | 4.0\% | 4.5\% |
| No vehicles available | 4.6\% | 2.1\% | 4.0\% | 7.6\% | 5.5\% | 5.7\% | 4.3\% | 5.7\% | 3.2\% | 5.4\% | 5.8\% | 4.4\% | 4.2\% | 4.7\% | 5.3\% |
| Residence 1 year ago in different county | 6.8\% | 8.1\% | 2.1\% | 2.8\% | 5.8\% | 5.3\% | 5.5\% | 7.6\% | 3.6\% | 6.3\% | 5.2\% | 4.9\% | 7.1\% | 5.6\% | 4.7\% |


|  | $\frac{\bar{\omega}}{\overline{\bar{O}}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{y} \\ & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{5} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{3} \\ & \frac{\rightharpoonup}{3} \\ & \frac{1}{5} \\ & \frac{1}{0} \\ & > \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% Age 25+ with no high school diploma | 10.5\% | 30.6\% | 23.8\% | 30.7\% | 14.1\% | 11.1\% | 9.9\% | 8.6\% | 20.2\% | 11.3\% | 10.9\% | 13.6\% | 5.8\% | 11.8\% | 8.9\% |
| \% Population Age 5+ that speak English less than very well | 13.3\% | 10.6\% | 16.3\% | 23.9\% | 7.1\% | 12.0\% | 3.7\% | 5.7\% | 11.0\% | 14.9\% | 14.6\% | 9.4\% | 6.2\% | 8.7\% | 3.6\% |
| Students with <br> Emotional/Behavioral <br> Disability ( $\mathrm{K}-12$, per <br> 1,000 K-12 students) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \% \\ & (131) \end{aligned}$ | 0.6\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.2\% | 0.5\% | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% |
| School Readiness at Kindergarten Entry | 49.6\% | 50.0\% | 41.6\% | 65.8\% | 41.4\% | 50.2\% | 45.3\% | 57.2\% | 37.7\% | 50.5\% | 46.3\% | 43.1\% | 61.4\% | 47.2\% | 49.3\% |
| Children in School Readiness Programs (subsidized childcare) per 1,000 pop under 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 36.5 \% \\ & (5,024) \end{aligned}$ | 23.2\% | 64.0\% | 64.3\% | 66.0\% | 72.8\% | 63.6\% | 71.9\% | 84.0\% | 65.0\% | 95.5\% | 76.8\% | 54.8\% | 35.1\% | 77.8\% |
| Children in voluntary pre-K programs (per \# of VPK providers) | $\begin{aligned} & 1,958 \\ & (21.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ (25) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ (19.1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 403 \\ (20.2) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 489 \\ (17.5) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,268 \\ (21.4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 878 \\ (21.4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,014 \\ & (24.1) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 322 \\ (29.3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,961 \\ & (24.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,604 \\ & (26.0) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,875 \\ & (19.6) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,635 \\ & (20.7) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,140 \\ & (25.5) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,317 \\ (19) \end{gathered}$ |
| Children with Disabilities Receiving Pre-K Services (per 1000 in vol pre-K) | $\begin{aligned} & 472.5 \\ & (249) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ (14) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 829.8 \\ (39) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 241.5 \\ (71) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 676.8 \\ & (134) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 577.0 \\ (1,566) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 470.6 \\ & (104) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 438.9 \\ (97) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 343.4 \\ (34) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 451.3 \\ (1,181) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 442.8 \\ (1,385) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 347.6 \\ & (689) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 461.2 \\ & (429) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 402.6 \\ & (186) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 487.5 \\ & (429) \end{aligned}$ |
| Head Start Enrollment | 413 |  |  |  |  | 3071 |  | 170 |  | 1759 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Early Head Start Enrollment |  |  |  |  |  | 343 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \% Children in Poverty Enrolled in School Readiness | 12\% | 6\% | 10\% | 15\% | 17\% | 26\% | 24\% | 36\% | 20\% | 27\% | 35\% | 24\% | 27\% | 29\% | 34\% |


|  |  | y $\frac{0}{0}$ $\frac{\pi}{5}$ $\frac{0}{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adults who said their overall health is good to excellent | 82.7\% | 75.1\% | 71.6\% | 72.9\% | 74.1\% | 81.6\% | 81.4\% | 84.6\% | 73.4\% | 79.8\% | 81.8\% | 75.2\% | 83.1\% | 77.8\% | 78.2\% |
| Adults who could not see a doctor in past year due to cost | 13.7\% | 21.2\% | 18.6\% | 15.5\% | 13.5\% | 15.6\% | 13.2\% | 11.9\% | 15.1\% | 15.2\% | 15.8\% | 19.8\% | 13.3\% | 17.2\% | 17.6\% |
| Licensed Family Practice Physicians per 100,000 population | 20.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 15.5 | 18.2 | 23.1 | 16.2 | 15.4 | 20.9 | 15.6 | 10.2 | 30.5 | 10.2 | 26.8 |
| Licensed Pediatricians per 100,000 population | 15.3 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 28.3 | 15.2 | 8.7 | 2.6 | 38.1 | 21.3 | 7.6 | 19.0 | 9.7 | 7.5 |
| Licensed Dentists per 100,000 population | 77.8 | 0.0 | 11.9 | 21.8 | 30.1 | 66.6 | 65.1 | 92.4 | 20.5 | 62.5 | 81.9 | 26.3 | 66.1 | 27.6 | 40.1 |
| Licensed Psychologists per 100,000 population | 19.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 4.9 | 29.5 | 23.1 | 25.6 | 0.0 | 15.4 | 36.1 | 6.6 | 23.3 | 6.5 | 10.6 |
| Federally qualified health centers | 14 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 17 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 30 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Medicaid Enrollment | 13.6\% | 8.1\% | 35.2\% | 38.5\% | 26.6\% | 23.9\% | 17.9\% | 13.5\% | 32.0\% | 23.1\% | 19.3\% | 29.8\% | 15.8\% | 24.5\% | 22.9\% |
| Adults with no health insurance coverage | 12.1\% | 26.8\% | 19.7\% | 27.6\% | 18.8\% | 12.1\% | 17.4\% | 10.0\% | 16.6\% | 13.3\% | 18.1\% | 16.0\% | 12.3\% | 18.1\% | 15.1\% |
| Children 18 \& under without health insurance | 12.7\% | 27.1\% | 5.3\% | 18.7\% | 10.1\% | 11.8\% | 9.6\% | 11.1\% | 9.9\% | 12.5\% | 12.9\% | 13.5\% | 11.8\% | 13.8\% | 11.0\% |
| Florida Children's Medical Services (CMS) Clients | 1.8\% | 1.0\% | 1.7\% | 2.6\% | 3.1\% | 1.9\% | 1.9\% | 1.4\% | 2.4\% | 2.0\% | 1.6\% | 2.7\% | 1.7\% | 2.8\% | 2.2\% |
| Life Expectancy | 85.2 | 82.2 | 79.5 | 77.7 | 78.8 | 79.0 | 80.5 | 81.6 | 76.1 | 80.1 | 81.8 | 77.9 | 80.5 | 79.5 | 76.7 |
| Infant Mortality (Under 1 year old, per 1,000 live births) | 4.7 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 12.0 | 1.6 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.3 |
| Child Mortality (Age 5 to 19 years, per 100,000 population) | 40.8 | 109.5 | 33.3 | 76.0 | 80.5 | 25.1 | 33.0 | 31.4 | 27.6 | 28.8 | 33.9 | 32.8 | 29.4 | 34.4 | 36.4 |


|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \frac{\pi}{c} \\ & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 릉 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Births to Mothers Ages 10 to 14 per 1,000 Female Pop | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Births to Mothers Ages 15 to 19 per 1,000 Female Pop | $\begin{gathered} 15.4 \\ (140) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.8 \\ & (14) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37.3 \\ (101) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 29.4 \\ (115) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24.3 \\ (166) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.8 \\ (2,119) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.3 \\ (154) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.2 \\ (155) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 43.0 \\ (138) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12.4 \\ (1,705) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13.5 \\ (1,590) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 21.3 \\ (1,379) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.6 \\ (358) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16.6 \\ (408) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17.2 \\ (724) \end{gathered}$ |
| Births to Mothers Ages 19+ without a High School Education | 11.9\% | 12.9\% | 24.9\% | 17.3\% | 12.7\% | 9.6\% | 6.9\% | 20.9\% | 19.1\% | 8.3\% | 15.5\% | 13.5\% | 4.6\% | 11.9\% | 8.8\% |
| Births to Mothers Born in Other Countries (\% of births) | 48.7\% | 12.9\% | 22.1\% | 27.6\% | 16.8\% | 30.9\% | 18.4\% | 26.3\% | 18.5\% | 42.4\% | 44.9\% | 25.6\% | 25.2\% | 28.7\% | 14.0\% |
| Births with late or no prenatal care | 9.2\% | 3.4\% | 3.1\% | 1.2\% | 3.5\% | 5.2\% | 3.1\% | 2.9\% | 3.6\% | 1.9\% | 2.1\% | 3.8\% | 0.9\% | 4.5\% | 3.1\% |
| WIC Eligibles Served | 55.0\% | 1.7\% | 87.4\% | 73.4\% | 70.6\% | 70.8\% | 60.1\% | 92.0\% | 82.5\% | 60.9\% | 84.7\% | 64.1\% | 56.1\% | 62.3\% | 43.1\% |
| Children with Disability in Pre-K (per 1,000 children in Pre-K) | 367.2 | 956.5 | 777.8 | 167.2 | 412.0 | 363.6 | 450.2 | 359.4 | 290.3 | 356.6 | 404.5 | 293.9 | 358.0 | 439.4 | 452.0 |
| Children in Foster Care (Aged 0 to 17 years, per 100,000 population) | $\begin{aligned} & 362.8 \\ & (239) \end{aligned}$ | 1,230.8 | 1,106.3 | 1,047.9 | 1,040.4 | 723.8 | 598.3 | 352.5 | 976.9 | 381.4 | 401.1 | 755.9 | 548.9 | 513.0 | 817.5 |
| Children in Pre-K eligible for free/reduced lunch | $\begin{aligned} & 77.6 \% \\ & (409) \end{aligned}$ | 17.1\% | 55.9\% | 68.5\% | 66.6\% | 75.5\% | 44.1\% | 32.9\% | 9.2\% | 48.2\% | 66.1\% | 53.0\% | 50.6\% | 60.8\% | 54.7\% |
| Children in SingleParent HHs (Age 0 to 17 years) | 26.0\% | 22.0\% | 34.2\% | 37.0\% | 26.5\% | 29.4\% | 28.8\% | 25.2\% | 24.4\% | 27.3\% | 26.4\% | 26.1\% | 21.5\% | 28.5\% | 29.2\% |

Appendix A: Participating Organizations

## Participating Organizations/Agencies:

- Big Brothers/Big Sisters of St. Lucie, Indian River, and Okeechobee Counties
- Community United Methodist Church
- Early Learning Coalition of Polk County
- Early Learning Coalition of St. Lucie County
- Early Learning Coalition of Saint Lucie County
- First Baptist Church LaBelle
- Florida Department of Health in St. Lucie
- Frostproof Care Center
- GiveWell Community Foundation
- Hands of SLC
- IGNITE Youth Alliance
- Learn to Read of St. Lucie County, Inc.
- St. Lucie Habitat for Humanity
- The Salvation Army
- Treasure Coast Food Bank
- United Against Poverty - SLC
- United Way of St. Lucie/Okeechobee
- Women's Resource Center of Florida, Inc.


## Days of Operation

Figure 10B: Changes in Comeptition for Funding



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See: "Transitions from Telephone Surveys to Self-Administered and Mixed-Mode Surveys" by Olson, et al. 2019. American Association for Public Opinion Research.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ See Dillman, Don. 2000. Mail and Internet Surveys: The Tailored Design Method. New York, NY: John Wiley \& Sons, Inc. and Gideon, Lior. 2012. Handbook of Survey Methodology for the Social Sciences. New York, NY: Springer.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ See Dillman, Don. 2000. Mail and Internet Surveys: The Tailored Design Method. New York, NY: John Wiley \& Sons, Inc. and Gideon, Lior. 2012. Handbook of Survey Methodology for the Social Sciences. New York, NY: Springer.

